

The CITY CIRCULATION of the Post-Dispatch is GREATER than that of ANY OTHER St. Louis Newspaper by approximately 100% Sunday 50% Daily

Copyright 1923

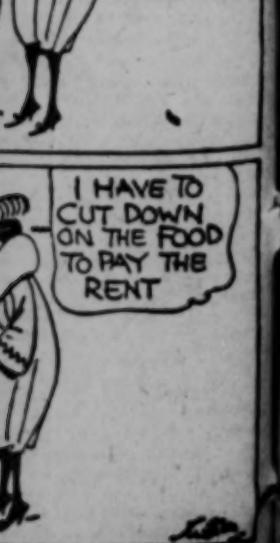
VOL. 72. NO. 69.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

FINAL
EDITION
(Complete Market Report)

PRICE THREE CENTS



HARDING ON WAY TO TEXAS FOR A REST, AND VISIT TO CANAL ZONE

President-Elect Will Spend 12 Days Hunting and Fishing at Point Isabel; Following Voyage to Panama, He Will Speak at Bedford, Va., Dec. 5.

DECLINES WILSON'S BATTLESHIP OFFER

In Wire to Secretary Daniels He Thanks President for Courtesy, but Says He Has Already Booked Passage From Gulf Port.

By the Associated Press
ON BOARD PRESIDENT-ELECT HARDING'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Nov. 6.—Starting for a month's vacation trip to Southern Texas and Panama, President-elect Harding today laid aside the last care of the presidential campaign for an interim of rest and recreation before he takes up seriously the responsibilities of his coming administration.

The special train carrying Senator Harding and Mrs. Harding and their party left Marion at 7:30 this morning, bound for Point Isabel, near the southern tip of the Texas coast, where the President-elect will spend 12 days hunting and fishing. After that he is to make an ocean voyage to the Canal Zone, and then back to a port on the Middle Atlantic Coast. He will speak in Bedford, Va., on Dec. 5, and will go immediately from there to Marion.

Travels via St. Louis.
Making the trip south by way of St. Louis and San Antonio, the Senator's train will reach Brownsville, Texas, Monday morning, and the party will motor from there to Point Isabel, 20 miles away. Point Isabel is only six miles distant from the Mexican boundary and from the southernmost tip of the continental United States.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harding on the trip were Harry M. Daugherty, manager of the Harding pre-campaign campaign; Senators Frelinghuysen of New Jersey; Hale of Maine and Watkins of West Virginia; and Edward T. McCall, of Washington publisher. His secretary, George B. Christian Jr., and his family physician, Dr. C. E. Sawyer and a group of secret service men and newspaper men also were on the special train.

The secret service detail, assigned to Harding as soon as he was elected to the presidency, was in charge of Miles McCall, formerly of the White House staff at Washington. James Sloan, a former secret service man, who had acted as the Senator's unofficial bodyguard during the campaign, will be retained in that capacity in co-operation with the guard detailed officially by secret service headquarters.

Declines Wilson's Offer.

Testimony Senator Harding declined an offer of President Wilson to provide him with a battleship for the voyage to the Panama Canal Zone, which is to follow a 12-day's stay at Point Isabel. In response to a telegram from Secretary Daniels concerning the President's proposal, the President-elect wired that he was thankful, but already had closed an agreement to make the trip on a passenger steamer.

It was said at Harding headquarters last night that a hitch over the sailing schedule had been adjusted, and that a proposal to have the boat go out of its regular course to Galveston had been abandoned. Under the present plan the departure will be made from New Orleans to which point the Senator and Mrs. Harding and their guests will go from Point Isabel by rail. The sailing date, however, had not been announced.

The sailing plans of the Hardings have been the subject of considerable negotiation between Harding headquarters and steamship companies, and although the first impression of officials here was that use of a battleship would offer a welcome solution, but the Senator himself decided he would prefer to keep the booking agreement already made. He sent this telegram: "Secretary Daniels who had transmitted the President's offer:

"I most gratefully acknowledge your gracious telegram in which you convey the President's thoughtful courtesy in directing a warship to be placed at my disposal for a contemplated trip to Panama along with the use of the Mayflower for connection at Hampton Roads. Please assure the President of my grateful appreciation of his consideration, but I cannot accept because I am traveling by railroad to a vacation

45,000 See Harvard and Princeton Tie, 14 to 14, in Annual Football Classic

Crimson Scores Early and Leads Until Third Period When Tiger Quarterback Runs 38 Yards for Touchdown.

By the Associated Press
HARVARD STADIUM, Nov. 6.—Princeton and Harvard, repeating last year's indecisive result, played their annual football game in the Stadium today to a tie. The score was 14 to 14.

Harvard's touchdown of the first period, made by Capt. Horween, was matched by a Princeton touchdown by Quarterback Lourie in the third period.

The Tiger team then set out to win, and, carrying a third period drive into the late session, sent Garrity over for its second touchdown and Harvard, which had led it most to the end of the game. But Harvard, its conservative line of attack having failed, turned to the forward pass. From its 27-yard line the crimson advanced, forward pass after forward pass, four in all, to the Tiger goal which was crossed by the ball itself into the hands of Crocker behind the line.

Fully 45,000 persons were banked within the amphitheater to witness the struggle.

The play by play account of the game follows:

Capt. Horween called the toss of the coin, and chose to defend the north goal and to receive the kick.

Keck, Princeton's kicking tackle, sent the ball spinning to Harvard's 25-yard line when Tolbert caught it and ran it back to the 37-yard line.

Over ripped off three yards on the right side of Princeton's line and punted a moment later, but the ball was recalled because of holding in the Princeton line and a 15-yard penalty was assessed, placing the ball on Princeton's 45-yard mark.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

Owen faked a punt and gained eight yards by running it out.

Horween then went over for a first down, carrying four Princeton tacklers on his back.

Churchill failed to gain, but moved later to the left side of the line and made first down on Princeton's 47-yard line.

HARDING'S PLANS FOR CONSULTATIONS ON NEW LEAGUE

Sending Out Requests for Personal and Informal Conferences With Men and Women.

WILL TAKE PLACE AFTER HIS VACATION

Announces That No Consideration Will Be Given to a Cabinet During His Recreation Period.

By the Associated Press.
MARION, O., Nov. 6.—President-elect Harding already has begun fulfillment of his campaign promise to consult the nation's leading minds with regard to a new association of nations, and he hopes that by the time of his inauguration next March he will have laid the ground work of a plan behind which the sentiment of the nation can unite.

A list of those to be consulted first has been drawn up, and invitations are going forward to several to come to Marion at the conclusion of the month's vacation trip which is to be started by the President-elect tomorrow morning.

Both Republicans and Democrats are to present their views in individual and personal talks with Harding during the winter months, but he does not contemplate for the present, at least, any general assemblage of his advisers for round-table discussion.

The names of those already invited have not been made public, but it was said in an announcement from the President-elect's office last night that "men and women who have been eminent in the discussion of our foreign relations," made up the list. Additions will be made during Harding's vacation trip, which is added, also, no consideration will be given by him during that period to the choice of a Cabinet.

Follows Conference.

The announcement followed a long conference between Senator Harding and Will H. Hays, who, as Republican National Chairman, led the campaign for Harding and Coolidge. Neither revealed what subjects they had discussed, but it was understood that the chairman's visit here was made at Harding's request, and had to do both with the campaign just closed and with the policies to be shaped for the coming administration.

This announcement was made from Senator Harding's office late yesterday.

Senator Harding let it be known today that he is sending out a number of requests for personal and very informal conferences with men and women who have been eminent in the discussion of our foreign relations. These conferences will take place upon his return to Marion in December, and will be individual and personal, with the main purpose of learning what policy may enter into his administration.

Warren Harding smokes a cigar.

North Carolina and Robinson of Arkansas.

Outside of Senate.
Among those outside the Senate frequent mention has been made of former President Taft, leader for international law, and a supporter of the Versailles League; Herbert Hoover, another league advocate; Elihu Root, former Secretary of State and a participant in the recent international court negotiations; Charles Evans Hughes, Republican presidential nominee four years ago; Henry White, a Republican member of President Wilson's peace commission; Myron T. Herrick, former Ambassador to France; Henry P. Davison, head of the American Red Cross; former Senator George Sutherland of Utah and many other Republicans.

There is a much smaller list of Democrats outside the Senate whose names go with those mentioned with the "meeting of minds." Among them is Robert Lansing, former Secretary of State, and a member of the peace commission often quoted by Harding in the campaign as disagreeing with Mr. Wilson on some features of the Versailles covenant; Frank L. Polk, the State Department's former under-secretary; Chief Justice White, and George Harvey, New York editor.

There has been even less of speculation with regard to what women would be asked for advice in the making of the new plan for an international association. It is expected, however, that the Senate will III choose those who have been closely associated with public activities throughout the treaty fight so as to be familiar with the sentiments of their sisters, regarding American membership in the league or any substitute for it.

Although the President-elect has never named publicly any of those he will include in his consultations, speculation of a wholly unauthorized character has revolved persistently about a number of conspicuous figures who might answer to the description Harding has laid down.

So far as the Senate itself is concerned, this important group has carried frequently the names of such Republican Senators as Lodge of Massachusetts, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee; Know of Pennsylvania, a former Secretary of State and a treaty irreconcilable; Johnson of California, another irreconcilable leader, and Lenroot of Wisconsin, a leader of the reservationists. On the Democratic side there has been mention among others of Senators Underwood of Alabama, the party leader; Hitchcock of Oklahoma, who led the fight for unreserved ratification; Simmons of

Talk With Will Hays.

Whether the tentative list of names was one of the subjects reviewed in the talk between Harding and Hays was not revealed. It was understood that many topics came up for discussion, however, in the first meeting of the successful candidate and his manager since the election. They greeted each other warmly when Hays arrived and as soon as there had been an exchange of congratulations, the President-elect had him around the shoulders of the chairman and, deeply engaged in conversation, they walked her.

Oregon Will Accept Invitation to Meet Harding at Brownsville.

By the Associated Press.
MEXICO CITY, Nov. 6.—Gen. Alvaro Obregon, President-elect of Mexico, will accept an invitation from American citizens extended through Y. M. Vasquez, Mexican consul at Brownsville, Tex., to meet President-elect Harding at the border city. It was stated at Gen. Obregon's headquarters today that it was believed this would be "a good move in the right direction and conducive of a better understanding."

The invitation from Brownsville, however, has not yet been received.

Article 5 Fixes Boundaries.

Article 5 fixes the boundaries of the areas in which the special inter-

ests of the United States, the

United States, and the

POST TOASTIES



Spoonful or bowlful, their delicate, rich corn flavor pleases and keeps on pleasing. And their crisp, full-bodied texture fully satisfies.

Naturally, then, Post Toasties are the most popular of all corn flakes.

GET THEM AT YOUR GROCER

Made by
Postum Cereal Company, Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan.

Contains more flesh forming
matter than beef."

Baker's Cocoa

is for robust men



and all who must have a great deal of tissue building material to repair the waste caused by physical and mental labor. It is delicious, pure and wholesome, and is made by a perfect mechanical process, without the use of chemicals, so preserving the exquisite flavor, aroma and color of the high grade cocoa beans.

• Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 1780 — DORCHESTER, MASS.

BOOKLET OF CHOICE RECIPES SENT FREE

MISSOURI THEATER

AN INSTITUTION THAT WILL SET THE WHOLE STATE TALKING

4000 SEATS at 50 Cents

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. All who no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil. Paraffin, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness, arising therefrom, and by regulation of Stomach and Bowels, aids also assimilation of Food; giving health and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Keep Your Skin-Pores
Active and Healthy
With Cuticura Soap

Loftis Bros. & Co.
DIAMONDS, WATCHES
Credit at Cut Prices
2d FL. 308 N. 6th ST.

DISCOUNT ON WATER BILLS IS ABOLISHED

Aldermen Remove Premium for Prompt Payment and Raise Manufacturers' Rates.

The Board of Aldermen yesterday passed a bill eliminating the 10 per cent discount on prompt payment of water bills as a measure to provide additional revenue for proper maintenance of the city waterworks, and passed another bill increasing water rates to manufacturers from 6 to 8 cents per thousand gallons for the same purpose.

These bills will provide additional revenue to the Water Department of \$20,000 a year through elimination of discounts and \$80,000 a year from rate increase to manufacturers, a total of \$100,000.

Water Commissioners will explain that additional revenue was necessary to help make extensions and improvements which cost approximately \$600,000 a year to maintain the waterworks at its present peak of efficiency. The Mayor favors both measures, and they will become laws 30 days after receiving his signature.

MACHINE WORKER HELD TO BE REAL INVENTOR OF PISTON RING

Examiners Uphold Previous Ruling in Appeal of Case by His Former Employer Who Claimed Patent.

John F. Ford, a former employee at the Inland Machine Works, who was declared by the examiner of interference in the Patent Office to be the real inventor of the Inland piston ring, an automobile appliance of which a patent was taken out by John Flammang, a former employee, has been again declared to be the inventor of the ring by the examiner in chief of the Patent Office following an appeal from the first decision filed by Flammang.

A copy of the decision, received from Washington by Ford's attorneys, John H. Brunings and John H. Cassidy, upholds the original decision conceding priority of invention to Ford and sets Nov. 23 as the date before which any further appeal must be filed.

A decision in his favor was handed down May 17 last and Flammang appealed. Patent Examiners B. S. Herren, Frank Skinner and Fairfax Bayard Bayard, in the decision received yesterday, upheld Ford's contention.

Ford now has a suit pending against Flammang in which he asks for heavy damages for the loss of the use of the patent and for the profits which have accrued through the manufacture of the ring. Flammang has disposed of his interest in the Inland Works and is now running another machine shop.

GROCER OUTTALKS ROBBERS WHO ORDER HIM INTO ICE BOX

Then They Force Him to Face Wall While They Take \$165 and Escape.

Joseph Tadeneen, a grocer at 115 North Garrison avenue, last night, outtalked two robbers who were bent on putting him in his icebox, which was empty from the outside.

When the men came in and displayed revolvers they ordered him into the box.

"Nothing doing," he replied. "I'd die in there." They repeated the order and he still insisted that the icebox was no place for him.

"Well, face the wall, then," the robbers finally commanded and when he assumed this position they took \$165 from his clothes and departed.

The armed men left up Lexington street, after they had ordered a pack of cigarettes last night. After taking \$27.80 from the cash register they ordered Pearlstone behind the prescription counter, where they demanded to know where he kept whisky. He said he had none. They searched his pockets, took 40 cents more and left without searching for liquor.

MANN ACT VIOLATION CHARGE AGAINST BRITON DISMISSED

A charge against Norman C. Houghton of London, England, of violating the Mann act in bringing Mrs. Paula Leonhard of Jersey City to St. Louis in August was dismissed by the United States District Court yesterday by District Attorney Carroll, following the refusal of the Federal Grand Jury to indict Houghton.

Houghton and Mrs. Leonhard had been living at 4215 West Pine boulevard, and were arrested at Union Station after Mrs. Leonhard's husband had traced her here.

Mrs. Leonhard said she intended living alone for a year to determine in her own mind whether she loves Houghton or Leonhard. When asked yesterday what she is now doing, she said she is living alone and working.

A suit for \$100,000 damages for alienation of Mrs. Leonhard's affection, instituted against Houghton by her husband, is now pending in the Circuit Court here.

SWITCHMAN KILLED IN YARDS

Charles C. Hatch, 40 years old, of 318 South Fifth street, East St. Louis, a switchman employed by the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, was killed at 1:30 o'clock this morning by a switch engine in the railroad yards.

Hatch attempted to get on the step of the switch engine as it approached him, but missed it and fell on the tracks. His legs were severed close to the body, and he was dead when examined by a physician. The accident was witnessed by other members of the switching crew. He was one of the oldest employees in point of service, working as a switchman, having been in the company's employ 12 years. He leaves a widow and three children.

Switchman KILLED IN YARDS

STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

Special Sales for Monday

IN THE DOWNSTAIRS STORE



1200 New Tub Dresses

OF GINGHAM AND PERCALE

Of Excellent Design—On Special Sale in Two Groups

THIS is the best purchase of Tub Dresses we've made in several years. A large Eastern maker was heavily overstocked and was forced to sell at a tremendous loss. Our patrons will find it to their advantage to attend this sale and select enough Dresses to present and future use, because these garments are not the usual kind offered in special sales.

\$1.88

\$2.88

BEAUTIFUL Dresses, made of fine quality Amoskeag gingham and percales, in fancy stripes, stunning plaid and pretty checks. A wonderful variety of smart styles to select from—suitable for street, house and general utility wear. All the pretty shades in an endless variety of pretty patterns are represented. Trimmed in many ways. All sizes 36 to 44.

(Downstairs Store)

Warm Togs for Baby

Attractively Priced Garments That Will Appeal to Thrifty Mothers

Long Coats, \$2.98 to \$5.98
INFANTS' Long Coats, of fine quality cashmere or Bedford cords; daintily trimmed with fine silk braids or lace. Heavily lined.

Short Coats, \$2.98 and \$3.98
Infants' Short Coats are also made of good quality cashmere or Bedford cords; silk braid or lace trimmed.

Baby Capes, \$3.98
Fine quality cashmere is used. Capes are heavily lined with Hoods' silk and are daintily finished.

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

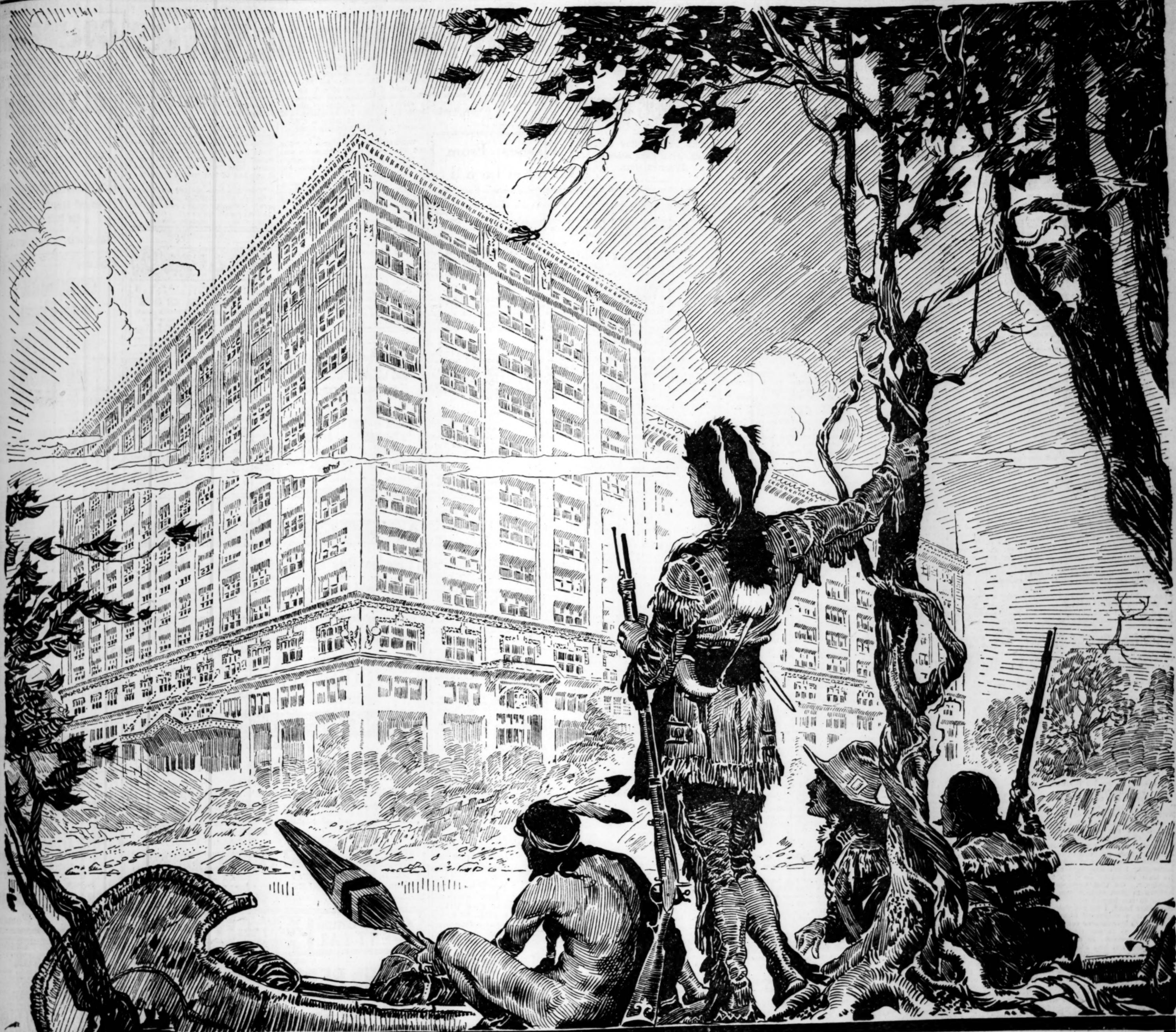
(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.

Legging Drawers, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Babies' wool Legging Drawers, with or without feet. They are of fine grade wool.

(Downstairs Store)

Baby Bunting, \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$3.98
Shown in solid white or dainty pink or blue. Some are trimmings with satin ribbons; others have fancy stitching.



In the Fullness of Time

"I HAVE found a situation where I intend establishing a settlement, which in the future shall become one of the most beautiful cities in America."

Thus declared the young explorer, Pierre Laclede Liguest, upon his return, in the Winter of 1766, from a visit to what is now the site of the City of St. Louis.

In the fullness of time, industrial intelligence has utilized scientifically the natural advantages of his chosen location. Every year shows civic

progress through new industries, and increased capacity and greater facilities in established ones.

To the casual observer, the composite mass speaks of prosperity or of failure. The keen analyst knows, however, that the individual unit is responsible for the general air of industrial advancement in any city.

The institution which shows itself most endowed with the great spirit of advancement of this age is the one which keeps just a step ahead in

methods and improvements. Such has ever been the policy of this institution.

The spacious efficiency and luxurious appointments of our new quarters are definite contributions to the spirit of advancement in the City of St. Louis. An emblem of success, an inspiration to greater progress, the new building stands, a monument to the genius and undaunted courage of Pierre Laclede Liguest and his group—a symbol of a greater future to us.

The Opening Date Is Monday, Nov. 8th

STIX, BAER & FULLER
GRAND-LEADER

Reviews of the New Books

Conducted by
OTTO HELLER,

Professor of Modern European Literature in Washington University.

By **OTTO HELLER.**

"THE NORTH DOOR," a romance, by Greville Macdonald. (Houghton Mifflin Co.)

DAUTHOR of "How Jonas Found His Enemy," "Tryst's Quest" and several other novels, relates in this book the story of a strange spiritual adventure which, however, he immerses in such a quantity of detail and descriptive embellishment that it becomes at most an embellishment of the narrative, stirred only by the external motivation. The story passes in a German village a century and a quarter ago. According to the local superstition, the land just north of the church is a weird playground of supernatural influences, and the door leading to this uncanny spot was considered accursed. The entire region seems a popular resort of sprites, imps, hobgoblins and other more or less mischievous mythological creatures. Here, for instance, dwells a cousin non-German of the siren Lorelei: "The guardian of Millstow Haven was a certain mermaid who kept watch with mirror and comb upon her own rock at the end of the seawards."

Central in the story stands the noble figure of the Rev. Christopher Trevor, a churchman high and low at one and the same time—enthesist and dogmatist, Neo-Platonist and Pelasian, with a "social worker," who, with well-nigh anachronistic zeal, snatches a drove of unfortunate children from the cruel clutch of child-labor sharks.

In the parish of St. Neot's the inhabitants follow the sea for a living, in the twin pursuit of fishing and smuggling. The last-named industry is as prosperously established as, say, the lawless business of whisky running between Canada and the city of Chicago. But it is far less lucrative and far more dangerous, on account of the unending and relentless warfare waged against the smugglers by police and military which has succeeded at least in driving the social life of the village largely underground. The convivial "Melting-Pot Club," made up of the regional notables and worthies, holds its meetings in a well "locked" cave, where permanently placed its presiding genius, a sub-Vulcan drunkard of considerable medical skill and erudition.

The "heart-interest" of the novel is that of the egregiously decorous love affair of the Reverend Christopher with a virtuous lady wretchedly married, and it necessitates the lethal exodus of a rake whose blackguardism is romantically tempered with innate decency. The lady's letters and her poetry are quoted frequently, and the extensive and interesting preface sustains the consoling thought that after all there are some things that our disastrous era is spared. "Dear and Reverend Sir: I apprehend you may question the sincerity of my friendship because of the many weeks since I panned my former epistles to you." Or does anybody care to sigh after the good old days, when reading this:

"Angel! Daphne! Never will thou discern Those words' high worth that made thy cheeks to burn When Modesty, with chill and broken wing, Bartered its joy for Sorrow's bitter sting!"

This book has been very cordially received by numerous critics of established reputation, and I am being frank at some risk of being wrong. To me it seems that the story is too circumstantially and circumstantially told, and I find myself impressed with its oddity, not its strength. Maybe its values are too intimately local and vernacular to be truly sensed by an outsider and foreigner. On that score, a work written in such serious vein is entitled to the benefit of doubt. On the other hand, I do not fear to go wrong in a moderate dispraise of the novel's crepuscular vagueness of meaning. It is not that one objects to mysteries in a product of symbolism, but one has a right to disapprove of mystification. Possibly the work was intended for the Rosicrucians, in which case, again, I claim a rank outsider's right of confessing ignorance.

"YAGABONDING THROUGH CHANGING GERMANY," by Harry A. Franck. (Harper and Brothers.)

SPLendidly illustrated with photographs by the author, this large and handsomely gotten up volume is a valuable compend on the state of things in vanquished Germany at the early stage of the armistice. Mr. Franck is no ordinary tourist, nor is he an average reporter. He is, on the contrary, an expert in geography, history, observation and ever-interesting interpreter of foreign scenes and doings. His book is made up from his set of articles published in a popular magazine at a time when the full acceptability of patriotic detestation of the enemy was the first condition to be fulfilled by periodicals. Consequently it may be that this book was published too promptly, before the virus of rancor had partly been expelled from the American psyche by its sound constitution. To a certain extent the soundness of Mr. Franck's interpretation of changing Germany seems impaired by his bias. He is disposed, for instance, to ascribe the friendliest possible treatment accorded at houses on which he was billeted to sinister astuteness and innate servility on the part of his hosts, when in all likelihood those by no means wholly unregenerate people were extra good to him because of his very pleasing personality (the reviewer speaks from acquaintance).

At all events, his attitude as expressed in the preface to the book shows some mitigation of views of German character entertained by the author when composing his mag-

azine articles. He refuses to subscribe to the wholesale accusations of atrocious and unceasing cruelty. The author has often acquiesced in and sometimes applauded the wrongdoings of their former rulers. But Mr. Franck reminds Americans that "the more voiceless mass of the nation" were under a spell, and proposes that the reader free himself as much as possible from the wartime repulsion toward the people of the "Hungry Empire."

"ATLANTIDA" (L'Atlantide), by Pierre Benoit. Translated by Mary C. Tongue and Mary Ross.

THIS story was awarded the Grand Prix du Roman of 5000 francs by the French Academy as the best novel of the year. To the present reviewer the basis of the award is a puzzle. Probably the home admirers of the author (whose unashamed resemblance to H. Rider-Haggard's one-day triumph "She," was unmistakable shown during the fierce controversy over the award) would explain their applause, after the French won by the superior "style" of the author. The translators have failed to armor this pretense. Anyway, for the win in such a competition, this book is singularly destitute of any outstanding perfection. It lacks to a remarkable degree spontaneity, active power, wit, humor and spiritualism. French literature must indeed have been badly hurt by the war if the relativity of its merits as a masterpiece like this is crowned as a masterpiece.

Amazingly unstained in the earlier

stretches by the characteristic "sex appeal" to be found between most yellow paper covers, "Atlantida" makes up ad nauseam usque for that in its latter portion. It is to be hopefully doubted whether a piece of fiction so conspicuously short before the measure of true romance and so disconnected at the start can be easily reproduced, even ephemerally, with the American public the flashlike and flashy success it is said to have achieved at the box office. And if by a strange chance that should happen, let us take heart in the recollection of the fate that overtook "Atlantida's" far more enticing prototype: "She" was consumed by the quicklime of oblivion after a furtive heyday. Sic semper!

"THE VICTORY AT SEA," by Rear Admiral William Sowden Sims in collaboration with Burton J. Hendrick. (Doubleday, Page & Co.)

"COULD Germany have kept 50 submarines constantly at work on the great shipping routes in the winter and spring of 1917—before we had learned how to handle the situation—nothing could have prevented her from winning the war?"

In this statement, Admiral Sims who commanded the American Naval forces that operated in European waters during the late war, shows how dark was the outlook for the allied cause when the first American destroyers steamed into Queenstown harbor on May 4, 1917, to take up their work in the campaign against the German undersea boats, then threatening the very existence of the British Empire.

This book of the Admiral covers much the same ground as that in a previous series of magazine articles written by him.

"THE ENCHANTED GOLF CLUBS," by Robert Marshall. (Frederick A. Stokes Co.)

"ACKY GORE is 35 years old, a younger son, and all around athlete except that he does not play golf. He meets an American widow who is very rich and whose fortune would fit Jack nicely for his son. But the widow is a golf enthusiast and just then busy with a Mr. Lindsay, well-known golf champion. Of course Jacky is not pleased. He undertakes to learn the game in a week, at the end of which term a match is to decide who shall propose to the widow. Jacky wins the match with the aid of the sticks and the spirit of a Scotch Cardinal dead hundred of years ago. But it is an empty victory. The widow is already engaged to a Russian, and Lindsay is a married man!"

To decide the golf match with the aid of supernatural powers may not be "playing the game." But the breezy style of the story, and the picture of the young man accomplished in everything except in serious pursuits ensure a good hour's amusement.

"FOR THE GAME'S SAKE," by Lawrence Perry. (Charles Scribner's Sons.)

THE author, who is sporting editor of the New York Evening Post, gives a group of six short stories dealing with various sports. Perry sometimes uses the pen name of "Fair Play," and his writings are all arguments for fair play. In these stories he has woven romance and the honor of sport about such games as baseball, football, tennis, yachting, racing and polo. The stories are not of the usual schoolboy type.

"THE HEART OF CHERRY Mc-BAIN," by Douglas Durkin. (Harper & Brothers.)

A fascinating romance of Canada, land of adventure and of promise. As setting, the author chose a frontier settlement and then pictured the changes that came as the railroad was built towards and then through the little town. One our dog serves as an "agent provocateur" of fate, and in the ensuing upsurge of this dog's actions the future of a town hangs in balance throughout a long night.

"SUNBEAMS, Inc.," by Julian Street. (Doubleday, Page & Co.)

ONE HUNDRED pages and a little over, in the author's happiest vein, treat of the merry career of a newspaper man turned into a professional dispenser of smiles and dealer in undiluted optimism. Like most "optimists" Mr. J. B. Brown elects to accept the earth and the goods thereof as a thoughtful little present from the Almighty. "Sunbeams" is cured by being obscured. The cloud descends, lifts again, and everybody's happy.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT: A BRIEF BIOGRAPHY," by Edmund Lester Pearson. (Macmillan Co.)

An attractive presentation of the subject is made in this book. A debt is made to the chief authorities hitherto written and to Col. Roosevelt's own books. A praiseful and well-balanced outline of Roosevelt's career is given in 182 pages. The incident of the ultimatum to the Kaiser in the Venezuela matter, and Col. Roosevelt's attitude before and after America's declaration of war, are

emphasized in the narrative.

"COAL, IRON, WAX," by Edwin C. Ekel. (Henry Holt Co.)

The author is a civil engineer. True to his training, he believes in facts and figures. He touches theories with a cautious hand. Still, theories, if true, are nothing but compact descriptions, making unnecessary a mass of detail. The author realizes that, and he has some theories on the importance of coal and iron deposits on the growth of a country. The manner in which he proves his views is lucid, precise and most interesting.

He emphasizes the importance of America's declaration of war, are

the reviewer speaks from acquaintance.

At all events, his attitude as expressed in the preface to the book shows some mitigation of views of German character entertained by the author when composing his mag-

azine articles. He refuses to subscribe to the wholesale accusations of atrocious and unceasing cruelty. The author has often acquiesced in and sometimes applauded the wrongdoings of their former rulers. But Mr. Franck reminds Americans that "the more voiceless mass of the nation" were under a spell, and proposes that the reader free himself as much as possible from the wartime repulsion toward the people of the "Hungry Empire."

NEW MISSOURI

OPENS MONDAY

Dorothy Phillips, Roy Stewart and Alice Lake Among Featured Stars.

to introduce many new photographic marine effects, with views under and above water. A diver is seen laying the foundation stones of a lighthouse. Beginning Thursday the feature will be Wanda Hawley in "The Beloved Villain."

in Brooklyn, and doesn't care who

knows it. He studied art at Pratt

Institute, but soon locked up his

paints and brushes and started on

a career that led him to playing

leads for Elaine Hammerstein and

Olive Thomas, and later in "Blind

Youth" and "The Invisible Divorce."

volves two questions—whether a

woman dare risk her future happiness

by marrying for money, and

how great a sacrifice a mother should

demand of her daughter in the name of filial duty.

Just to while away the minutes between shots, Katherine Perry and Teddy Sampson, who are supporting Owen Moore in "The Chicken in the Case," play rummy for a penny a point. Miss Perry was 3 cents ahead at the end of last week's struggle.

Work has been started on Eugene O'Brien's new Selznick picture, "Re-

gret." Director Alan Crosland shot the first scenes this week. Olive Tell is Mr. O'Brien's leading woman.

AMUSEMENTS

STANDALONE 18c
OPERA HOUSE 36c

9 11 A. M.—CONTINUOUS 11 P. M.
BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS 9

LILLIAN BERNARD & HER JAZZ CLOWN
LARRY COMER—RAY & VERA DIAHAN
LEONARD LEE—LAWRENCE REED
WILLIAM SAWYER—MC GEE & CO.
FIELDING & BOONER—WELLINGTON & SILVIA

EXTRA—"THE PHANTOM FOX"

BETTY BLYTHE, whose alluring

beauty has adorned several produc-

tions of the larger companies, is

playing one of the principal roles in

"Just Outside the Door," a Select

Picture, made by Lawrence Weber and featuring Edith Hallor.

"The Daughter Pays," a new Selznick picture in which Elaine Hammerstein is starred, will be released on Nov. 10.

The opening attraction at the Mis-

soni will be the Paramount feature,

"Behold My Wife," with Elliott Dex-

ter and Milton Sills in star parts.

Melodrama on Program.

Dorothy Phillips in "Once to Every

Woman" will be the feature attrac-

tion at the New Grand Central

for the week beginning tomorrow.

The cast includes many of the actors

and actresses who played in her

great wartime success, "The Heart of

Humanity."

The story of "Once to Every

Woman" deals with the career and ad-

ventures of a country girl who has

an opportunity to study music in

Europe. After four years of study

she makes her debut and the critics

proclaim that she has a wonderful

voice.

In her pride of achievement she

forget her country, her sweet-

heart, her parents and the sisters

whose hard work made her musical

beauty's third starring vehicle for

Realart.

Emory Johnson, a curly-haired

six-footer, is Bebe Daniels' new lead-

ing man. He supports her in "In the

Bishop's Carriage," the blonde

actress who has won the hearts of

the public since her debut.

Justine Johnstone has started

work on her second Realart starring

picture, "Emergency House," by Sidney Morgan. Jack Dillon will direct.

Story of Wheat Country.

"Riders of the Dawn," a picture

version of a Zane Grey novel, with Roy Stewart in the leading rôle, will

be the attraction at the Liberty The-

ater, beginning tomorrow.

This is a story of the great North-

west wheat country. The activities

of the I. W. W. of a modern orga-

nization to combat violence supply

Harding Wants to Turn Wilson's International League Into an American Association

DRAKE'S FORWARD PASS NETS SCORE IN FIRST PERIOD

Allen Catches Toss From Niggemeyer and Falls Over Line for First Touchdown.

FRANCIS FIELD, Nov. 6.—Clear skies and weather more propitious for summer sports than football greeted the Drake and Washington eleven in their annual game this afternoon.

Coach Rider stood pat on his lineup as announced yesterday and sent Tommy Thompson to the quarterback position for the first time this season. Drake made three last minute changes sending Long to right end and Allen and Young to the backfield.

The Iowans were the first to make their appearance, 26 athletics filing on the field. The kickers got busy for a few minutes and then the elevens went through a signal drill. The Pikers appeared a few minutes later.

The crowd was slow in arriving and at 2:30 p. m. less than 1000 people were in the stand. This was swelled when about 800 freshmen marched in.

The lineups: Washington, Position: Drake, Kresche, Left end, Pandy; Kresche, Left tackle, Amme; Singleton, Left guard, Tilmont; Hafner, Center, Marsh; Deeds, Right guard, Lutz; Koch, Right tackle, Hornaday; Thompson, Quarterback, Niggemeyer; Pethoff, Left halfback, Allen; Mathes, Right halfback, Heath; Griesedieck, Fullback, Young; Referees: Head, Kenyon, Umpire: Mills. Missouri, Head lineups: Michigan.

First Quarter.

Allen kicked off to Shanley, who caught the ball on his 20-yard line and returned to Drake's 40. After two line backs had failed a forward pass, Thompson to Shanley, gained seven yards. The ball went over to Drake when the Iowans held on the fourth down. Niggemeyer ran through the Washington team for the 35 yards on the first play. Young made a 25-yard run. Pethoff made an 18-yard run. T. Thompson made a 25-yard run. The Pikers made a forward pass on his own 33-yard line.

Washington lost ground on two line plunges. Shanley hunted to Niggemeyer, but Washington was offside on the play, and penalized five yards. Shanley then punted to Niggemeyer, who was downed on his 43-yard line. On a shift play, Allen made five yards. Drake was penalized five yards. The visitors' line play failed, and Niggemeyer punted to Griesedieck, who returned to his 40-yard line.

Washington could not gain, and Shanley kicked to Drake's 25-yard line. Niggemeyer made a 24-yard run around right end. The Pikers snared two shift plays, Drake gaining four yards. Young then went through guard for four yards. On a fake punt formation Young made a first down on Washington's 45-yard line. Drake continued to puncture Washington's line, and had it first down on Washington's 40-yard line.

The Pikers braced and held against two line attacks. Niggemeyer to Heath completed a forward pass of nine yards. Niggemeyer to Griesedieck another forward and made it first down on Washington's 50-yard line. Thompson intercepted a forward pass on his own 55-yard line. Shanley kicked from behind his own goal, out of bounds on Washington's 35-yard line.

Niggemeyer sent a long forward pass which Long snared just as he was crossing the line for a touchdown. Allen kicked goal. Score: Drake 7, Washington 0.

Deeds kicked off to Niggemeyer, who returned 25 yards. The period ended as Young pierced the line for four yards.

SECOND QUARTER.

Grant replaced Griesedieck for Washington. Niggemeyer punted to Heath, who was downed on his 27-yard line. Deeds kicked off 25 yards, and it was Washington's first down on their 40-yard line. A forward pass, Thompson to Shanley, gave Washington first down in midfield. Grant and Pethoff made five yards through the line. A forward pass failed and Pethoff punted to Grant, on his 35-yard, and he returned five yards. Pethoff made three through left tackle on a cross play.

Thompson and Shanley pulled a forward pass, which gave the Pikers a touchdown. The end caught the ball right behind center and ran 25 yards for a touchdown. Pethoff kicked goal. Score: DRAKE 7, WASHINGTON 7.

Scarff report: March at center for Drake. Deeds kicked off to Niggemeyer, who criss-crossed to Allen, who was downed on his 28-yard line. Drake could not gain, and punted out of bounds on Washington's 34-yard line. Grant skinned through tackle for a gain of 15 yards and brought the ball to the 50-yard line. Mathes went through guard for six yards.

Niggemeyer intercepted a forward forward pass on his 25-yard line. Kresche threw Allen for a 3-yard loss. Niggemeyer did not gain on an end run from a kick formation. He then punted to Thompson on Drake's 45-yard line. Washington was offside and penalized 5 yards. Two line backs and a pass failed. A forward pass, Thompson to Mathes, was good for only 3 yards and the ball went over to Drake on its 42-yard line. Washington was penalized 2 yards for taking time out. Heath fumbled a forward pass and Drake lost a 20-yard gain. Drake could not gain and Niggemeyer punted to Thompson on his 26-yard line. Thompson fumbled, but recovered and ran back 10 yards. The period was over. Score: Drake 7, Washington 7.

Football Scores

| | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | T |
| Q | Q | Q | Q | Q |
| LOCAL | | | | |

Washington. 0 6

Drake. 7 0

Central. 0 7 0 0 7

Soldan. 0 0 0 6 6

EAST.

Princeton. 0 0 7 7 14

Harvard. 7 0 0 7 14

Yale. 0 7 0

Brown. 0 0 10

Pittsburg. 0 14 6

Penn. 7 0 0

Syracuse. 0 0 0 14 14

W. & J. 0 0 0 0 0

Penn State. 0 7 0 13 20

Nebraska. 0 0 0 0 0

Navy. 7

Georgetown. 6

WEST.

Illinois. 0 3 0

Chicago. 0 0 0

Ohio State. 0 7

Michigan. 0 7

Minnesota. 0 0 0

Wisconsin. 0 0 3

Depauw. 0 0

Centre. 0 10

Missouri. 0 0

Kansas Ag. 0

RESULTS OF FOOTBALL GAMES YESTERDAY

PEPPERSON WILL SHOW NEW YORK HOW TO RUN 1000 IN FIVE MINUTES

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Arthur Woods of Minneapolis won first place in the national pocket billiards tournament preliminary games, the finale of which were played when he defeated Walter Franklin of Kansas City, who finished second, 125 to 100 in 18 innings.

Quincy High 14, Macomb 7.

Woonster 21, Kenyon 9.

Nebraska Wesleyan 41, Cotner College of Bethany 0.

Hastings College 28, Peru State Normal School 0.

York College 28, Central College of Central City 9.

Grand Island College 52, Kearney State Normal School 0.

Donne College of Crete 21, Midland College of Fremont 0.

MCMULLEN, RISBERG AND WEAVER GIVE BOND; TO FIGHT BRIBE CHARGES

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The Cook County Special Grand Jury's final report on its investigation of the baseball scandal, presented today to Chief Justice Charles A. McDonald, contained a general recommendation that all persons involved in the fixing of games be tried for perjury.

McMullen, Risberg and Weaver

are accused of having been

involved in the fixing of games.

Gene Krems, Peterson's local manager, says that Peterson can perform the feat just as well with an umbrella as with a cue. The hardest part of the entire performance comes with the baton in the wrist, as all the motions in counting is with the wrist.

Peterson was termed the "Babe Ruth" of billiards following his remarkable feat of hitting 184 at cushion caroms, beating the previous high run record of 85.

Carbone Beats Denny.

Young Denny of New Orleans lost a heart-breaking decision to Frank Carbone last night in 18 rounds at Frank Jette's Tulane Club, when Al Williamson, alias Carter, had all through many of the fans and sportswriters thought that Denny had the fight won on points.

Carbone, who was downed on his 43-yard line, had it first down on Washington's 50-yard line. Thompson intercepted a forward pass on his own 55-yard line. Shanley kicked from behind his own goal, out of bounds on Washington's 35-yard line.

Niggemeyer sent a long forward pass which Long snared just as he was crossing the line for a touchdown. Allen kicked goal. Score: Drake 7, Washington 0.

Deeds kicked off to Niggemeyer, who returned 25 yards. The period ended as Young pierced the line for four yards.

SECOND QUARTER.

Grant replaced Griesedieck for Washington. Niggemeyer punted to Heath, who was downed on his 27-yard line. Deeds kicked off 25 yards, and it was Washington's first down on their 40-yard line. A forward pass, Thompson to Shanley, gave Washington first down in midfield. Grant and Pethoff made five yards through the line. A forward pass failed and Pethoff punted to Grant, on his 35-yard, and he returned five yards. Pethoff made three through left tackle on a cross play.

Thompson and Shanley pulled a forward pass, which gave the Pikers a touchdown. The end caught the ball right behind center and ran 25 yards for a touchdown. Pethoff kicked goal. Score: DRAKE 7, WASHINGTON 7.

Scarff report: March at center for Drake. Deeds kicked off to Niggemeyer, who criss-crossed to Allen, who was downed on his 28-yard line. Drake could not gain, and punted out of bounds on Washington's 34-yard line. Grant skinned through tackle for a gain of 15 yards and brought the ball to the 50-yard line. Mathes went through guard for six yards.

Niggemeyer intercepted a forward forward pass on his 25-yard line. Kresche threw Allen for a 3-yard loss. Niggemeyer did not gain on an end run from a kick formation. He then punted to Thompson on Drake's 45-yard line. Washington was offside and penalized 5 yards. Two line backs and a pass failed. A forward pass, Thompson to Mathes, was good for only 3 yards and the ball went over to Drake on its 42-yard line. Washington was penalized 2 yards for taking time out. Heath fumbled a forward pass and Drake lost a 20-yard gain. Drake could not gain and Niggemeyer punted to Thompson on his 26-yard line. Thompson fumbled, but recovered and ran back 10 yards. The period was over. Score: Drake 7, Washington 7.

BOWLING NOTES

Mrs. M. Kelly Jr. and Mrs. T. M. Hill will bowl a special match of three games total pins to count on Saturday night at 8 o'clock, with Mrs. E. Grubb and Mr. J. F. Carroll on the Washington alliance.

The Benton Park individual sweepstakes tournament will be bowled on the Benton Park alleys Saturday afternoon and evening. The event will be three games total pins to count.

The entry to the Middle West tournament will be a record breaker that is assured, as the entry from the city of the Mound City had the last time the tournament was held in St. Louis. The out-of-town entry will also show a big increase. Chicago now has reserves enough for 44 teams, while the last time they only had 18. The entries positively close next Wednesday night.

GOMPERS READY TO AID HARDING

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Samuel Gompers, labor leader, on arriving in New York from Washington late yesterday, added the following to the statement he made yesterday morning at the capital:

"Senator Harding has been elected

President of the United States. He

will be just as much my President

as that of any other citizen of our

country. In any way that the Ameri-

can labor movement, including my-

self, can be of service to him, of course it will be our duty and pleasure."

Keen Kutters Play Eden.

The Keen Kutters and Eden Seminary, at present tied for the lead in the Saturday Division of the Municipal Soccer League, meet in the feature game at Fairground No. 3 this evening. Both teams and the Bell Telephones clash on Grounds No. 2. Both contests start at 8 o'clock.

CENTRAL ELEVEN BEATS SOLDAN BY 7 TO 6 SCORE

Floun Goes Through Tackle for Touchdown in Second Period of Contest.

The Central High School football team led Soldan High, 7 to 6, in their interscholastic league football contest at High School Field today.

During the first quarter, Soldan twice carried the ball to the Central 10-yard line, where the Mid-City lads held for down, and kicked out of danger. On the second kick-off, Soldan fumbled, and Central recovered, and had the ball on the 35-yard line when the period ended.

On the first play of the second quarter, Floun made a 23-yard run around end, but on the next Soldan intercepted. Central forced a punt last, and Soldan's 25-yard line. Trumm gained 20 yards around end and on the next play Floun went through tackle for five and a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the third quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. Ravenscroft missed goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

During the fourth quarter play was about even, but in the fourth Soldan, after being stopped several times by the Central line, scored near the close of the period, when Wall made a five-yard gain. Well caught a forward pass on the 10-yard line and then went around left end for a touchdown. E. Fisher kicked goal.

g Runs and
locked Punts
Beat Billikens

also Runs Up 41-0 Noth-
score but Has to Battle
All the Way.

RAISO, Ind., Nov. 6.—A
tension of pretty passes and
long punts by Valparaiso,
with superb play line, gave
Iowa football eleven a 41-0
over St. Louis U. yesterday,
in Field.

ubb, who took Drake's place
as quarterback, proved the vis-
ual, his fierce rushes netting
valuable yardage.

On defense on the punt forma-
tive Eckland his chance to
two of Henry's kicks in the
of his own goal. Cearing
and Eckland starred for Val-
the former running 45 yards
quarter for a touchdown
bb, Henry and Pinnegan
real ability.

thousand fans packed Brown
Eckland kicked off to the
line. Donovan tore off 20
round end, but a punt was
soon after.

After a 40-yard punt, after
several attempts at passes. Both
exchanged punts after slight

losses.

Then worked the ball
visitors' 3-yard line, where
fumbled, Donovan recovered
punt was blocked by Eckland
aring ripped 5 yards through
for the first touchdown. Eck-
land kicked goal.

Then kicked off to the 30-yard
and Valparaiso then started a
downfield by passes and
Cearing broke away for a
gain around right end and
on. Eckland kicked goal, end-
ing quarter. Valparaiso Uni-
St. Louis U. 0.

Billikens Passes Smear.

Louis got the ball on its 26-
line. A freak play lost 10 yards
en to midfield. Fol-
two more that were smear
visitors. Eckland drove a drop
0 yards, missing the bar by

av, from the 20-yard line,
Valparaiso smothered and
and Henry punted. After a
of punts L. Webb re-
Drake. The half ended with
game, progress, following
of 40 yards on a sec-
0-yard drop kick, score Val-
University 19, St. Louis U. 6.

Eckland started gaining through
the line and St. Louis instituted
a double team. Webb was knocked
off tackle. Eckland continued
when McKinley fumbled a
0-yard line, but St. Louis
its 1-yard line again, and
one more punted. Eckland
the kick and recovered
the visitors' line.

Then opened up with an
goal, but Eckland smothered ev-
attempt to pass. Scandan heaved
and then ran 20 yards. A sec-
one more 10-yard run. A
over the line to Turcot
the score 27-0 in Valparaiso's
at end of third quarter.

ment in for L. Webb

Turcot took up two of
heaves and an exchange of
followed. Omar replaced Capt.
at tackle. Egger replaced
A 20-yard pass, Scandan
Harris punted 30 yards and by
short plummeth through center
scored again. Eckland kicked
Reinhardt kicked off to cook
were exchanged as the weary
tire to gain. Cearing raced
for the end zone. Eckland
kicked goal. Many substitu-
came shortly before the final
he. Final score, Valparaiso 41.
Louis 0.

Billikens Positions.

Value.

Left end ... Eckland

Left tackle ... Conley-Oms

Left guard ...

Right guard ... Krieger-Campbell

Center ... Krieger-Campbell

Right tackle ... Gohss

Right guard ... Gohss

Right tackle ... Sawyer-Lemmer

Right end ... Cook

Quarter back ... Scandan

Full back ... Cearing

Right half ...

Turcot-C. Harris

L. Webb ... Left half

H. Harris-Hillbold

Reagan-Egger

Magnusson

Uhlmann-Schuldt

Gardner Stops Woods.

COLAR, Ariz., Nov. 6.—Red
of San Diego knocked out
Woods of Tucson in the fourth
of a scheduled 10-round bout
tonight. Woods had all the best
and second rounds.

Challenges British Fencers.

YORK, Nov. 6.—British fenc-
ers have been invited by the Amer-
can Fencers League to send a team to
country next spring to compete
in international trophy. It was
stated.

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Transactions on the St. Louis Stock Exchange

at the week-end session in the assem-
bly amounted to 458 shares of stock and
\$100 in bonds.

The following is a list of the sales made
the price of the day and the change as com-
pared with the preceding day's sale or last
previous transaction:

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

COLAR, Ariz., Nov. 6.—Red

of San Diego knocked out

Woods of Tucson in the fourth

of a scheduled 10-round bout

tonight. Woods had all the best

and second rounds.

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

Today, \$17,910,780.

Friday 29,385,470

Thursday 28,852,392

Wednesday 32,893,422

Tuesday Holiday

Monday 31,849,043

Local Bank Clearings

\$2000 Reward

Will be paid for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons guilty of the murder of Miss Edna Ellis, an employee of the Bell Telephone Company, whose body was found on the morning of Friday, Nov. 5, in the vicinity of 2913 North Market Street.

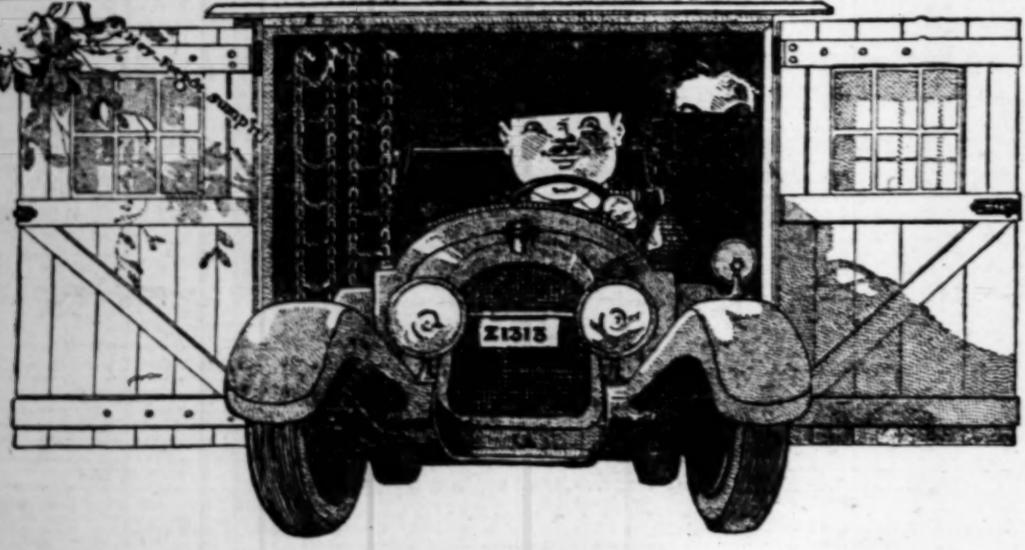
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

MISSOURI THEATER

THE LARGEST AMUSEMENT PLACE WEST OF NEW YORK

4000 SEATS at 50 Cents

The POST-DISPATCH is the only St. Louis evening newspaper giving Associated Press news service.



Don't Leave Them Behind

Brains and Chains must be used for the safe operation of automobiles.

PRACTICALLY every car in operation has *Weed Tire Chains*—in the garage.

Even the novice knows there are times when he cannot drive safely without them. The trouble comes in making drivers think to always carry them in their cars and think to put them on the tires "at the first drop of rain."

Give your *Weed Tire Chains* a chance to perform their mission. Don't leave them in the garage. Carry them with you and put them on the tires *before* the elements whip the streets into black deadly skidways.

Only a moment of your time and their steel forged protection will be securely chaining your car to safety.

Weed Tire Chains

on your tires reflect your prudence and intelligence.



AMERICAN CHAIN COMPANY, INC.

BRIDGEPORT CONNECTICUT

In Canada: Dominion Chain Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ontario
Largest Chain Manufacturers in the World

The Complete Chain Line—All Types, All Sizes, All Patterns—From Plumber's Safety Chain to Ship's Anchor Chain

GENERAL SALES OFFICE: Grand Central Terminal, New York City

DISTRICT SALES OFFICES: Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland, Ore., San Francisco



For Real Estate Loans See
Hemmelmann-Spackler Real Estate Co.
Seventh and Chestnut Sts.

(ADVERTISEMENT)

Mrs. Hicks Relieved By Four Eatonic

"I have taken four Eatonic tablets and they relieved me of sour stomach. I recommend it to everybody," says Mrs. G. P. Hicks. "If stomach is not digesting your food; if you have indigestion, bloating, food retarding, indigestion or acid stomach. Eatonic will remove the cause by taking up and carrying out the acidity and gases, bringing quick relief and healthy digestion. Why suffer stomach trouble? Why not keep your digestion normal and enjoy good health? An Eatonic taken after each meal will prevent discomfort and pain.

Make the test today and see how quickly this wonderful remedy acts. It comes in handy tablet form. Carry it with you. A big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

(ADVERTISEMENT)

NUXATED IRON

Used by over 4,000,000 People annually for Health Strength and Energy

DO NOT ACCEPT SUBSTITUTES

(ADVERTISEMENT)

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Grove's LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE tablets. The genuine bears the signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.

To rent a room—use a Post-Dispatch WANT AD.

COAL MEN WARNED TO CEASE EXTORTION

Action for Government Control Threatened by Two Senators Unless Prices Are Cut.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—United States Senators William M. Calder and W. E. Edge, members of the Senate Committee on Reconstruction, in a joint statement here yesterday, announced that "unless the coal industry reforms itself and cuts prices to a reasonable figure by Dec. 6," they will introduce a bill for the "most stringent regulation of every branch of the business."

The Senators declared they do not undertake to say "that this individual is a profiteer and that this one is not, but the coal industry as a whole stands self-convicted of practicing gross extortion on the whole public of the United States."

"We are both opposed to Government regulation as a policy," the statement said, "but the Government must assume responsibility for its people, and we will recommend a bill for entire control of the industry just as far as possible under the Constitution unless prices are materially reduced to the public by Dec. 6."

"We are deadly in earnest about this. We are both conservatives on the matter of Government ownership, but we are absolutely disgusted with this situation. The country has been justified in the past in thinking that an investigation of the kind conducted by this committee never amounts to a hill of beans. Our work would be of no value if it merely results in a report of two or three thousand pages to be filed and not read. The coal industry stands self-convicted."

"The wrong-doing has been admitted by D. B. Wanitz, representing the National Coal Association, by Commissioner Clyde B. Atchison of the Interstate Commerce Committee and Daniel Willard, representing the railroads. There is a general confession on the part of the industry, even though guilty individuals have not been identified."

"The reformation of these evils is our only concern primarily. Most of the leading coal operators realized that and are seeking to day to clean up their business from within. That is the only salvation. If they can't solve their own problems we will have to use drastic means to solve it."

Tumulty Denies Making Suggestions During Fuel Emergency.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, issued a formal statement yesterday denying that he had at any time made any suggestions to members of the Interstate Commerce Commission with reference to shipments of coal during the fuel crisis last summer.

Franklin T. Miller, advisor to the Senate Reconstruction Committee, was reported to have told that committee yesterday in New York that Tumulty had been the chief director of operations during the worst days of the coal crisis. Miller was quoted as having testified that Tumulty had held daily conferences with officials of the National Coal Association and the railroads and that decisions as to diversion of coal were made at those conferences.

"There was a policy at any time in the matter of priority shipments of coal," said Tumulty's statement. "I acted upon the representation made to the President which came from Republican Governors from all parts of the country. Mr. Alvord, acting for Judge Payne, Director-General of Railroads, advised the President with reference to the handling of this difficult situation. I simply acted to bring the information which reached the White House to the attention of Mr. Alvord, without specific recommendation of any kind to him or to the Interstate Commerce Commission. I never at any time conferred with or made suggestions to the members of the Interstate Commerce Commission with reference to shipments of coal."

JAILER, HELD IN OWN JAIL, ELECTED JUDGE AND PARDONED

Fess Whitaker of Kentucky, Who Made Campaign from "Front Cell," released by Governor.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 6.—Governor Morrow pardoned Fess Whitaker, of Letcher County, who has been confined in his own jail and on Nov. 2 was elected County Judge. Whitaker won his race for the office of County Judge, defeating his Republican opponent, Judge Stephens Collins, by a majority of 500.

The jailer made his race from his "front cell" in the Whitesburg Jail, to which he was committed several months ago by Judge Collins to serve a six months' sentence for alleged disorderly conduct and carrying a concealed weapon. He appealed from the decision of the lower court, but the judgment was affirmed. It was then that Jailer Whitaker, who was a prisoner in his own jail, decided to "get even" with Judge Collins and "vindicate" himself, as he expressed it, by running for the office of County Judge.

COCOONAT WITHIN A COCONUT.

A coconut within a cocoonat was discovered by Charles J. Miller of 1344 Amsterdam avenue, when he arrived home Thursday night with a purchase he had made in a Chinese avenue store. The second coconut was about the size of a hen's egg, had a hairy surface, but the shell, though hard, was white instead of brown.

REORGANIZATION PLANNED BY DEMOCRATS EARLY IN DECEMBER

"Like Republicans 8 and 4 Years Ago, We Can Have Anvil Chorus After March 4," White Says.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Reorganization of the Democratic National Committee may take place in Washington early in December, when George White, chairman, expects to call a conference of committee members, he announced here yesterday.

(ADVERTISEMENT)

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Are A Harmless Substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. These little olive-colored tablets are the result of Dr. Edwards' long time research to treat liver and bowel complaints with success.

The pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. Let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Go to your drug store and buy the complete Treatment of Ointment and Soap for only 50c. If you can't find it, send a post card and we will send direct to the manufacturer.

A sample literature and Black and White Ointment and Soap are free. If you will clip this advertisement and mail it to Black and White, Box 1507.

"The situation is entirely different from eight and four years ago," White said. "Like the Republicans of those years we can have the anvil chorus after March 4."

(ADVERTISEMENT)

THE BLACK AND WHITE BEAUTY TREATMENT

Clears the Complexion, Removes Pimples and Un-skin Skin Blemishes.

What would you spend if you could be assured that the beauty specialist would be able to treat you for your rough, nimby, blotchy face, hands, neck and shoulders? By realizing the need of a preparation that would restore the complexion to its natural beauty, the famous "Black and White" skin specialists were put to work to find a simple treatment to remove the skin of pimples, liver spots, freckles and other skin blemishes. After much experiment Black and White Ointment was offered the public. It is now applied before retiring and when used in conjunction with Dr. Edwards' Soap, satisfactory results are guaranteed.

Go to your drug store and buy the complete Treatment of Ointment and Soap for only 50c. If you can't find it, send a post card and we will send direct to the manufacturer.

A sample literature and Black and White Ointment and Soap are free. If you will clip this advertisement and mail it to Black and White, Box 1507.

CONSTIPATION

Constipation can't be cured by strong cathartics. The best and most natural remedy like Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills is the best.

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills contain no injurious drugs. They act quickly and stimulate the secretion of bile, which thoroughly digest the food.

and assists the bowels in a perfectly natural manner. Munyon's H. H. Co., Scranton, Pa.

(ADVERTISEMENT)

Stops the cough, lets you sleep.

NOTHING is more annoying after working all day than to go to bed at night and cough and cough and cough. It takes all the pep out of a man.

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will stop that speedy relief. Good for colds and rheumatism. All druggists, No. 60, N.Y.

MUNYON'S Paw Paw Pills

DEAD MEN TELL NO TALES

Loftis Bros. & Co. DIAMONDS, WATCHES Credit at Cut Prices 2d FL. 308 N. 6th ST.

Makes Sick Skins Well. Why not have a clear, healthy complexion? Use freely Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment.

You can find the house you are looking for through Post-Dispatch WANT ADS.

COMMENTING upon the rise in the price of gasoline, a man who is unfamiliar with petroleum production writes:

"The Lord, who put the oil in the earth, charges no more for it than he ever did. It comes for nothing out of the ground when you dig a hole."

This is true, if it comes out of the ground without help. The greatly increased cost lies in digging the hole, casing it, caring for the oil when it comes out, and transporting and handling it on its way to the refinery.

Petroleum Age in its September issue says: "The cost of drilling and equipping a well at the present scale of prices for material and labor runs from Five Thousand Dollars for a shallow sand pumper to Seventy-five Thousand Dollars for the deep wells. A general average covering the entire country would run about Twenty Thousand Dollars per well."

One item which is often overlooked is the cost of drilling wells which fail to produce oil. It is estimated that from 20 to 30 percent of all wells put down are dry holes.

Yet, in spite of all discouragements, which included shortage of casing, difficulties of transportation, and the increasing expense of labor, on July 31st, 1920, there were eleven thousand wells drilling or under way east of the Rocky Mountains, with completions averaging about three thousand wells a month. Probably thirty-six thousand wells will be completed during 1920.

The total expense, including investment in drilling tools, lease equipment and labor, is roughly estimated at one billion dollars.

Deducting two hundred fifty million dollars (25 percent) for salvage on equipment susceptible of further use, the net investment in new production for the year will be seven hundred fifty million dollars.

It is apparent that oil does not come "for nothing out of the ground."

Oil is usually discovered in spots remote from rail centers. The cost of pumping and transporting it to the refinery is a heavy charge. At the refinery charges begin to pile up, for refining oil is a true manufacturing process involving application of chemistry, the use of specialized machinery, and human labor.

All of these factors add to the cost of a product which Nature has given us.

The Standard Oil Company (Indiana) has been steadfastly applying the trained power of its organization to increasing the yield of gasoline from crude, and in achieving economies by large scale operations in refining and distributing its products.

Standard Oil Company (Indiana)
910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Editorial
NATURAL



ops the cough,
lets you sleep.

NOTHING is more annoying, after working all day long, to go to bed at night and cough and cough. It is all the pep out of a man—doesn't it? Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will stop this! Balsamic and healing antiseptic bring speedy relief. Good also for colds and bronchitis. All drugs, 50c, 80c, \$1.00.

Dr. Bell's
Pine-Tar-Honey
Coughs and Colds

Makes Skin Skins
Well. Why not have
a clear, healthy complexion? Use freely
Dr. Hobson's
Eczema Ointment

You can find the house you are
looking for through Post-Dispatch
T. A. D.

the rise in the
in who is un-
duction writes:

oil in the
or it than he
othing out
dig a hole."

of the ground
increased cost
ng it, caring for
ad transporting
to the refinery.

umber issue says:
quipping a well
es for material
 Thousand Dol-
per to Seventy-
the deep wells.
ng the entire
Twenty Thou-

erlooked is the
fail to produce
n 20 to 30 per-
are dry holes.
ements, which
, difficulties of
easing expense
20, there were
g or underway
ns, with com-
hree thousand
thirty-six thou-
d during 1920.

investment in
ent and labor,
billion dollars.
ty million dol-
on equipment
the net invest-
r the year will
illion dollars.
not come "for

spots remote
pumping and
ery is a heavy
rages begin to
a true manu-
application of
lized machin-

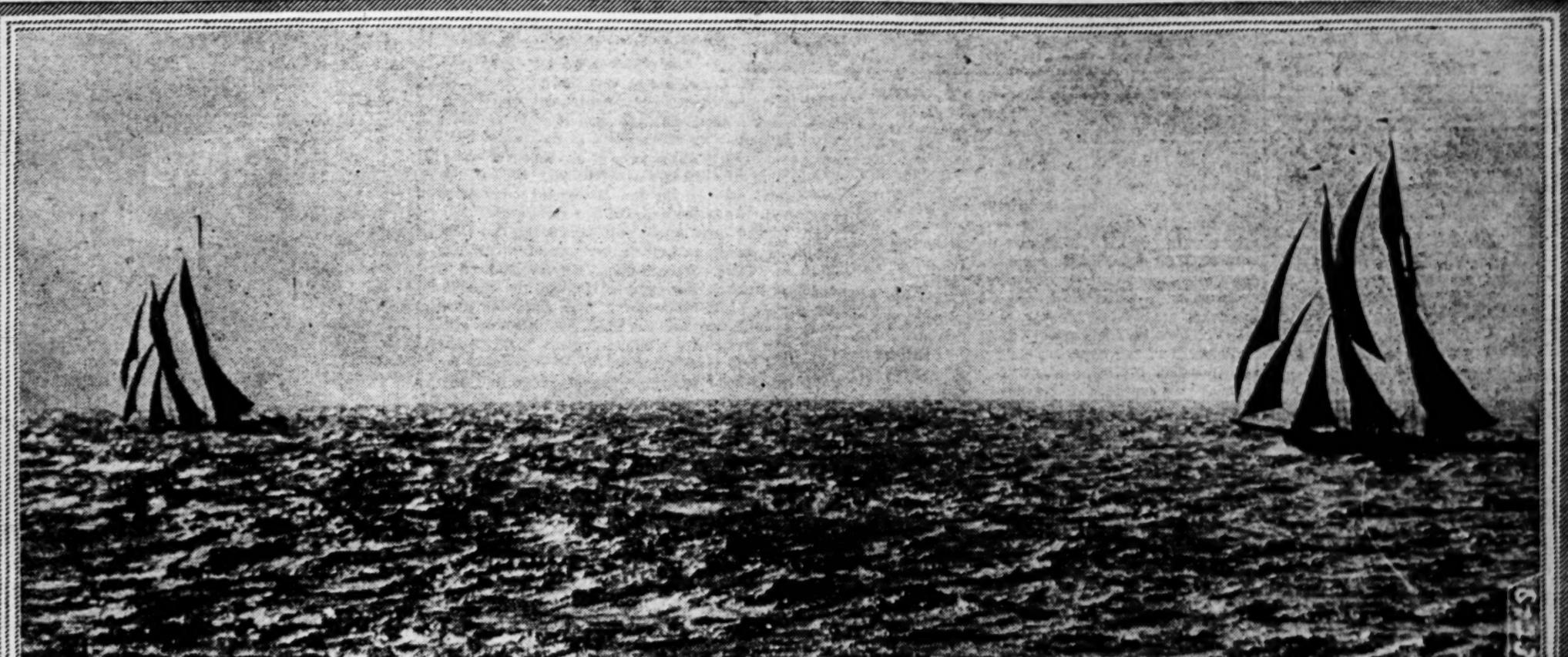
the cost of a
given us.

(Indiana) has
trained power
sing the yield
l in achieving
erations in re-
products.

company

Chicago, Ill.

11



Fishing schooners *Delawana* and *Esperanto* in the early stages of their first race for the championship of the international fishing fleets at Halifax recently. The Canadian craft, *Delawana*, is to the left, but being at a different angle to the wind has not the lead that would appear from first glance at the photo. —Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.

John D. Rockefeller, oil magnate, and his secretary on their way to the polling place in a public school on East 51st street on election day. This photo shows Rockefeller walking briskly without the aid of his cane in spite of his 81 years.

—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.



Dr. Alfredo Zayas (left), Coalitionist candidate for President of Cuba, and Gen. Jose Miguel Gomez, his Liberal opponent. —International.



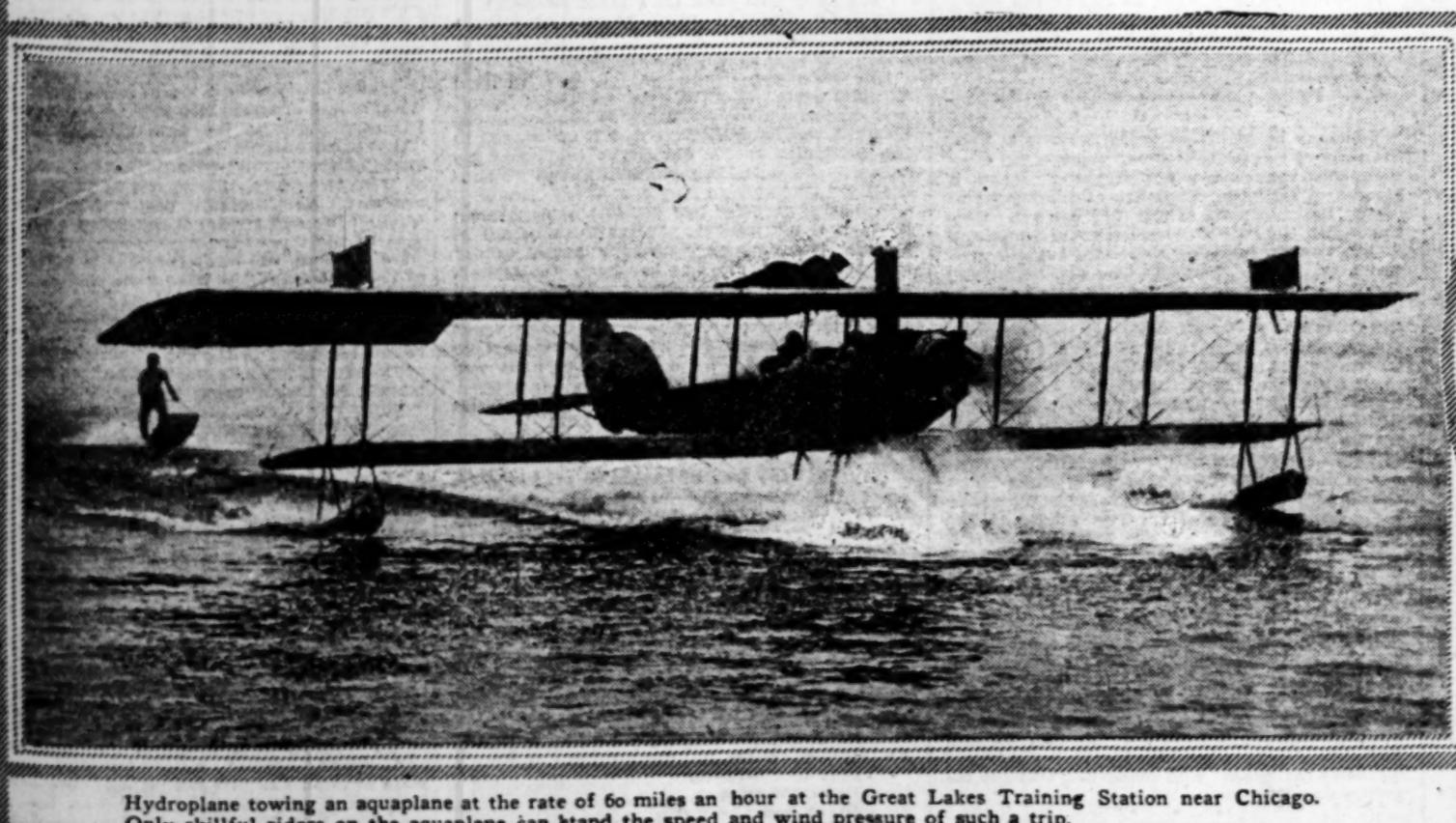
Richard Washburn Child, lawyer and writer, who is mentioned as a probable secretary for President-elect Harding. Child is the author of several books and a contributor to periodicals.

—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.



Mrs. Aimee Semple McPherson, "faith healer," whose clinic at the Hancock M. E. Church in Philadelphia has aroused great interest on account of apparent cures effected. She styles herself an evangel of the Pentecostal Assembly of California.

—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.



Hydroplane towing an aquaplane at the rate of 60 miles an hour at the Great Lakes Training Station near Chicago. Only skillful riders on the aquaplane can stand the speed and wind pressure of such a trip.

—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.



Dr. Vartan K. Osiagian, developer of "super-silkworm" which is said to spin a cocoon twice the usual size and to produce silk in 18 colors. The process of coloring is kept secret.

—International.



Samuel Rzeszenaki, eight-year-old chess prodigy, arriving from Europe to appear for the benefit of the Seamen's Charities. One of his performances is a game with 10 men simultaneously.

—Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Dec. 12, 1872
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth and Olive Streets.

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION
Ten Months' Average, 1920:
DAILY AVERAGE 563,065
DAILY AND SUNDAY AVERAGE, 1919-20 522,328

THE POST-DISPATCH PLAT-FORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in the cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Opposing Views on Russia.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
How persistently do those with whom the wish is father to the thought cling to the view that nothing but evil is to be found in Soviet Russia. George W. Simmons asserts that the Department of Justice is in possession of information that the Soviet Government sent gold and the coal strike in this country. And in the same cut the Department of Justice denied that it has any such information. Mr. Simmons reasserts that the Soviet authorities are seizing the farmer's produce and shooting him if he will not give it up. But George Lansbury, who recently visited Russia as a member of a British labor committee, says in his book, just published, "What I Saw in Russia," that the Soviet Food Control Department, which has absorbed the co-operative societies, is now able to deal with the peasants satisfactorily. He says: "In the early days of the revolution, the peasants would not part with their stocks because the Government was only able to give paper money in exchange for foodstuffs, and this money was almost valueless owing to the fact that there is no possibility of exchanging money for clothes, books, tools, seeds etc. In these circumstances even soldiers found it difficult to get the stores so badly needed by the people in the towns. This is now changed. The peasants willingly trade on credit with the co-operators, accepting the ruble paper money as Government scrip to be redeemable later on. From this it will be seen that the co-operative movement in Russia has become what many English co-operators desire it to become here: that is, an integral part of food control and the sole organization for the distribution of the necessities of life to the people. I was told by some others besides Lansbury (President of the Central Union of Russian Co-operators) that the Russian character lends itself very readily to the work of co-operation and that the only reason for the antagonism which arose at the time of the revolution was due to ignorance of the aims and objects of the Bolsheviks. People did not realize that fundamentally all those who wished to organize industry as a social service were the natural allies of those who wished to establish voluntary co-operation."

Mr. Simmons also reasserts that the streets of Petrograd are knee-deep in filth and have not been cleaned for three years; that people are starving there at the rate of 10,000 to 20,000 a day. All these are old stories. Mr. Lansbury found no such conditions. Those who wish to find out what are the conditions in Russia today will do well to read his informing little book. It is published by Boni & Liveright, New York.

STUDENT.

"A Splendid Community Effort."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
I wish to express to you my satisfaction with the meeting that was held in the auditorium of this school last night for the purpose of receiving election returns.

The arrangements for giving this service were excellent and everything went off on schedule time. Your representative, Mr. C. M. Young, was very kind in rendering us valuable assistance and in helping to make the occasion the success that it was. We had a splendid audience practically throughout the whole evening, and I feel sure that everyone who visited us on that occasion went away feeling that it was a splendid community effort.

I wish to acknowledge our obligations to the management of the Post-Dispatch for their kindness in this connection.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLASS,
Principal Central High School

Have There Been Any Prayers?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

When I was a youngster, and President Garfield was lying sick unto death, prayers were offered in the churches of our little town, every day.

I read in the papers of similar services in other houses of worship throughout the country. We now have in the White House another President sorely afflicted, and wounded in spirit and body. If any minister, priest or rabbi, in the last six months, in St. Louis, has invited his congregation to join him in supplication to the benign Ruler to comfort and heal the stricken Woodrow Wilson I should be pleased to read of it in the Post-Dispatch.

OLD-FASHIONED.

High Price of Movies.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In view of the economic trend that is sweeping the country, what excuse is there for the high price of movies? I am reliably informed that many large theaters take in \$1200 to \$1500 in a single night, whereas the actual print of the picture is sold to the exchange for less than a single night's receipts at one house. The movie men have better than notice of the fact that the average American family will not be willing to pay metropolitan prices. The movie business was popularized through popular prices. Price alone has condoned many acceptances of meager and disappointing offerings. If movie popularity is to continue, it is high time for a cut in prices.

A CONSTANT READER.

THE SHOCKING EDNA ELLIS MURDER.

The pitiful case of Edna Ellis has profoundly moved St. Louis.

The sole support of her mother, this girl, hardly more than a child, was employed as a stenographer in the office of one of the telephone companies. To earn a little extra money against the holiday season, she had been working beyond the usual business hours and into the early evening. The last seen of her in life was at 8:30 p.m. Thursday, when she alighted from a street car at a corner near her home, waving a gay good-by to a girl companion.

Because of her failure to return, the mother spent a night of suspense and terror, appealing ineffectually to the police for assistance. Alarmed neighbors made search in the morning and the dead body of the 18-year-old former high school student was found with her throat cut, in the weeds of a vacant lot only a block from the anxious home.

In many months filled with crimes of exceptional gravity, this shocking murder is the climax. Have the streets of St. Louis become unsafe for its residents? Must citizens take precautions to insure their own protection before they venture abroad?

If we have not reached the point where life and property are actually unsafe on the street, cannot those streets be made safer? In their varied duties, how much of the effort of the police is devoted to safeguarding public security? Cannot thought and energy now expended on less important functions be centralized for a time on this great purpose? Are the courts doing their part?

Frivolous calls on the police from anxious parents whose children have been subjected to delay are undoubtedly numerous. So many reported missing turn up without serious misadventure that disregard of these calls is perhaps natural, but are not the police taking the chance of a lamentable blunder in ignoring such calls, especially repeated calls from the same source? Prompt response to this frantic mother's entreaty might not perhaps have been in time to prevent the murder, but it would at least have given an impression of police adequacy and alertness.

Every parent in St. Louis is watching the developments of this case with deep concern. If the police are capable of real efficiency, now is the time to show it. Cause for alarm will exist until this human murderer is under restraint and a punishment that will strike terror to other evildoers has been inflicted.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

WASTE SPACE IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

Walter R. McCormack, of the Cleveland Board of Education, says that 40 per cent of the space devoted to corridors and stairways in the prevailing type of school buildings in this country is waste space.

The effect of this waste in unjustifiable cost to taxpayers and denial of opportunity to children in the many cities in which only half-day sessions are held on account of a lack of school accommodations is indicated by a computation. Mr. McCormack has made the only reason for the antagonism which arose at the time of the revolution was due to ignorance of the aims and objects of the Bolsheviks. People did not realize that fundamentally all those who wished to organize industry as a social service were the natural allies of those who wished to establish voluntary co-operation.

Mr. Simmons also reasserts that the streets of Petrograd are knee-deep in filth and have not been cleaned for three years; that people are starving there at the rate of 10,000 to 20,000 a day. All these are old stories. Mr. Lansbury found no such conditions. Those who wish to find out what are the conditions in Russia today will do well to read his informing little book. It is published by Boni & Liveright, New York.

STUDENT.

"A Splendid Community Effort."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I wish to express to you my satisfaction with the meeting that was held in the auditorium of this school last night for the purpose of receiving election returns.

The arrangements for giving this service were excellent and everything went off on schedule time. Your representative, Mr. C. M. Young, was very kind in rendering us valuable assistance and in helping to make the occasion the success that it was. We had a splendid audience practically throughout the whole evening, and I feel sure that everyone who visited us on that occasion went away feeling that it was a splendid community effort.

I wish to acknowledge our obligations to the management of the Post-Dispatch for their kindness in this connection.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLASS,
Principal Central High School

Have There Been Any Prayers?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

When I was a youngster, and President Garfield was lying sick unto death, prayers were offered in the churches of our little town, every day.

I read in the papers of similar services in other houses of worship throughout the country. We now have in the White House another President sorely afflicted, and wounded in spirit and body. If any minister, priest or rabbi, in the last six months, in St. Louis, has invited his congregation to join him in supplication to the benign Ruler to comfort and heal the stricken Woodrow Wilson I should be pleased to read of it in the Post-Dispatch.

OLD-FASHIONED.

High Price of Movies.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In view of the economic trend that is sweeping the country, what excuse is there for the high price of movies? I am reliably informed that many large theaters take in \$1200 to \$1500 in a single night, whereas the actual print of the picture is sold to the exchange for less than a single night's receipts at one house. The movie men have better than notice of the fact that the average American family will not be willing to pay metropolitan prices. The movie business was popularized through popular prices. Price alone has condoned many acceptances of meager and disappointing offerings. If movie popularity is to continue, it is high time for a cut in prices.

A CONSTANT READER.

THE SHOCKING EDNA ELLIS MURDER.

The pitiful case of Edna Ellis has profoundly moved St. Louis.

The sole support of her mother, this girl, hardly more than a child, was employed as a stenographer in the office of one of the telephone companies. To earn a little extra money against the holiday season, she had been working beyond the usual business hours and into the early evening. The last seen of her in life was at 8:30 p.m. Thursday, when she alighted from a street car at a corner near her home, waving a gay good-by to a girl companion.

Because of her failure to return, the mother spent a night of suspense and terror, appealing ineffectually to the police for assistance. Alarmed neighbors made search in the morning and the dead body of the 18-year-old former high school student was found with her throat cut, in the weeds of a vacant lot only a block from the anxious home.

In many months filled with crimes of exceptional gravity, this shocking murder is the climax. Have the streets of St. Louis become unsafe for its residents? Must citizens take precautions to insure their own protection before they venture abroad?

If we have not reached the point where life and property are actually unsafe on the street, cannot those streets be made safer? In their varied duties, how much of the effort of the police is devoted to safeguarding public security? Cannot thought and energy now expended on less important functions be centralized for a time on this great purpose? Are the courts doing their part?

Frivolous calls on the police from anxious parents whose children have been subjected to delay are undoubtedly numerous. So many reported missing turn up without serious misadventure that disregard of these calls is perhaps natural, but are not the police taking the chance of a lamentable blunder in ignoring such calls, especially repeated calls from the same source? Prompt response to this frantic mother's entreaty might not perhaps have been in time to prevent the murder, but it would at least have given an impression of police adequacy and alertness.

Every parent in St. Louis is watching the developments of this case with deep concern. If the police are capable of real efficiency, now is the time to show it. Cause for alarm will exist until this human murderer is under restraint and a punishment that will strike terror to other evildoers has been inflicted.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

It is good to be a Democrat.

States. That amount saved on the buildings to be erected in the next 50 years would be an inestimable boon to public education.

Gen. Wrangel's army, which was to meet with no opposition at all, is now said to be retreating. The Bolsheviks seem to take a fiendish delight in scrambling the strategy and tactics of the ablest correspondents.

Maj. Harry B. Hawes is a brand snatched from the burning," the sole survivor on the Democratic ticket in St. Louis, except two Judges, for whose election a great independent movement was organized by the women, with the support of every newspaper but one. Mr. Hawes had to pull himself out of the landslide by sheer force of personal popularity, ability and organizing skill. He may be the sole Democratic survivor in the Missouri congressional delegation. He is the remnant of a great party.

The wonder of it is that Maj. Hawes ran two campaigns at the same time, either one of which was more than enough for one man. He was the head of the Good Roads Federation and directed the organizing of the State for victory. The statewide good roads organization was the most complete and efficient ever created for a public purpose in this State. It reached into every precinct. While organizing the good roads bond campaign, he organized his own campaign, and won both.

As organizer of victory against a landslide, Maj. Hawes occupies a unique position in his party. He is master of the field. He has unusual opportunity in Congress to make an exceptional record in the diminished opposition, and unusual opportunity in his party to reorganize and lead it in the right direction on the pathway of sound fundamental principles.

As organizer of victory against a landslide, Maj. Hawes occupies a unique position in his party. He is master of the field. He has unusual opportunity in Congress to make an exceptional record in the diminished opposition, and unusual opportunity in his party to reorganize and lead it in the right direction on the pathway of sound fundamental principles.

YAPISM AND TYPHOID.

Sanitary engineers employed by the United States Public Health Service have just completed an inspection tour of Missouri. They visited 35 small towns. They report conditions here the worst they have encountered anywhere. For grim verification of their sweeping indictment, they point out that the typhoid death rate in Missouri during the last nine years has been almost 80 per cent greater than that of states which protect the health of their citizens.

This harsh verdict more than confirms the Post-Dispatch's severe judgment on the yapism that has been holding Missouri back. Yapism is more than a passively obstructive evil. It is actively destructive. Its full cost is not to be found in the statistics of falling population and diminishing production. A strict accounting of yapism includes a survey of our cemeteries.

Now, Missouri has cleaned house politically. It has swept out the old regime, bag and baggage. It expects, not merely a change of faces or party labels, but a new spirit in its public service. If the latest popular expression means anything it means that Missouri will exact results from the new order.

It will not be difficult to determine the real motive of the next administration. If we have merely gotten rid of one set of politicians and installed another set, Missouri will know it. If the new administration undertakes to establish an office-holding trust, if its first purpose is the construction of a political organization for the conventional division of the spoils and the perpetuation of itself in power, that fact will stand out so blaringly that all Missourians will see. No amount of bunk will conceal it.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

Now, Missouri has cleaned house politically. It has swept out the old regime, bag and baggage. It expects, not merely a change of faces or party labels, but a new spirit in its public service. If the latest popular expression means anything it means that Missouri will exact results from the new order.

It will not be difficult to determine the real motive of the next administration. If we have merely gotten rid of one set of politicians and installed another set, Missouri will know it. If the new administration undertakes to establish an office-holding trust, if its first purpose is the construction of a political organization for the conventional division of the spoils and the perpetuation of itself in power, that fact will stand out so blaringly that all Missourians will see. No amount of bunk will conceal it.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

Now, Missouri has cleaned house politically. It has swept out the old regime, bag and baggage. It expects, not merely a change of faces or party labels, but a new spirit in its public service. If the latest popular expression means anything it means that Missouri will exact results from the new order.

It will not be difficult to determine the real motive of the next administration. If we have merely gotten rid of one set of politicians and installed another set, Missouri will know it. If the new administration undertakes to establish an office-holding trust, if its first purpose is the construction of a political organization for the conventional division of the spoils and the perpetuation of itself in power, that fact will stand out so blaringly that all Missourians will see. No amount of bunk will conceal it.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

Now, Missouri has cleaned house politically. It has swept out the old regime, bag and baggage. It expects, not merely a change of faces or party labels, but a new spirit in its public service. If the latest popular expression means anything it means that Missouri will exact results from the new order.

It will not be difficult to determine the real motive of the next administration. If we have merely gotten rid of one set of politicians and installed another set, Missouri will know it. If the new administration undertakes to establish an office-holding trust, if its first purpose is the construction of a political organization for the conventional division of the spoils and the perpetuation of itself in power, that fact will stand out so blaringly that all Missourians will see. No amount of bunk will conceal it.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

Now, Missouri has cleaned house politically. It has swept out the old regime, bag and baggage. It expects, not merely a change of faces or party labels, but a new spirit in its public service. If the latest popular expression means anything it means that Missouri will exact results from the new order.

It will not be difficult to determine the real motive of the next administration. If we have merely gotten rid of one set of politicians and installed another set, Missouri will know it. If the new administration undertakes to establish an office-holding trust, if its first purpose is the construction of a political organization for the conventional division of the spoils and the perpetuation of itself in power, that fact will stand out so blaringly that all Missourians will see. No amount of bunk will conceal it.

Gov. Cox is going abroad next year to study conditions in Europe. Doubtless conditions in Europe need studying, but it seems to us that a Democratic candidate for President who propels Tennessee and Oklahoma into the Republican column might well get acquainted with America first.

Now, Missouri has cleaned house politically. It has swept out the old regime, bag and baggage. It expects, not merely a change of faces or party labels, but a new spirit

DEEP IN THE BUSHES

by HOLWORTHY HALL

FOURTH INSTALLMENT.

ATER, they went so far as to try to drag him out; but, blushing and stammering, he got behind seven or eight large policemen; so there was no speech or presentation of flowers or freedom of the city. When the car finally started, the populace threw confetti, in the form of newspaper wads, which was all they had; and some of the younger men, who were probably dressed at not being able to reach the target with their tribute, put pieces of gravel and brick in the newspapers.

There was nothing but praise for the triumvirate. To be sure, Greystone hadn't won the pennant, but it had finished second; and McHenry had provided the best amusement the town had seen for a decade. And even yet, Greystone wasn't certain that the championship wouldn't revert on appeal; for the Board of Trade got together and drafted a circular letter, protesting 16 games won by Huntington during the season, and sent it to the governing board of the league. And they had a subscription dinner, at \$5 a plate, for the sole object of presenting Ward and Dillingham and McHenry with tokens of affection and esteem. McHenry got an alligator traveling bag, and Dillingham got a ring with a jewel worth nearly as much as any adult alligator; and Ward got a set of Shakespeare, which the leading booksellers had been saving for eight or nine years in the expectation of just such a happy occasion as this.

The three officers of the Cambridge Co. held their final meeting in Greystone for the joint purpose of closing the books and of drawing all

their money out of the local bank before they left town. The balance sheet showed a net profit of nearly \$60; but it was a distinguished triumph, when you remember that they had completely renovated the grounds and carried more than 30 players throughout the season and spent all of the month of August in special trains and advertising salaries to themselves and bonuses to the last three players they had signed for the final sprint for the flag.

They were just congratulating themselves upon their perspicacity when someone rapped at the door, and, entering, proved to be the long-jawed man who had sold them the wherewithal for a profitable summer vacation.

"Well," he said, "I take off my hat to you!" He took it off, as guarantee of good faith.

"Come in!" invited McHenry heartily. "Come in and have a smoke!"

"Thanks! I came up for the game last week, but I had to go home without talking to you fellows. I hear you made a mint of money after I left."

"Oh, so-so! Not so terribly bad for a first season."

"When I sold you that franchise," said the former owner, "I had a hunch I was foolish. I ought to be held on to. I knew it all the time. Well—such is life!"

"It's a great little property now, all right," commented Dillingham.

"It must be. I knew it was, anyway. I hadn't more than got down to Hoboken before I remem-

bered I ought to of kept an interest in the team. You know, when you've got this gern in your system, it's hard to get out—I've been sorry ever since I sold out."

"We might consider a proposition to turn it back to you," said Ward. "Figuring it on an income basis, the team's worth about a hundred thousand; isn't it, Pepper?"

"Just about. Say a hundred and two and a half."

The long-jawed man sighed heavily.

"Like a mine," he said. "You never know what's in it until you dig. If I'd held on another couple of years, I've had all that money, instead of you. Well—who's going to win the pennant next year?"

"I don't know—but we're not."

"No? I'd have said you'd win in a canter."

"We won't be here," McHenry told him. "This isn't a permanent investment. We're promoters. We build up a scheme, and then sell it. Our idea is to make money for ourselves by making more for somebody else."

"You're going to get out?"

"Absolutely."

"Who's buying?"

"No one, yet—we haven't put the stock on the market."

The long-jawed man breathed stertorously and looked far into the future.

"I want to get back in the game," he said. "I've got to get back. I can't keep away from it. But a hundred thousand for a team in a Class X

league! If you'd said ten, now—
I can see where there'd be a margin in it at ten!"

The three looked at each other soberly.

"We've had our fun," remarked Dillingham irreverently.

"A lot of it," said Ward. "And a bully good time, and no expenses."

"Would you be willing to put up ten thousand in cash?" asked McHenry, bluntly. "We paid you cash, you know. The team's worth more, but we've had our share of glory out of it. It was only a flyer—we wouldn't carry it another year on a bet."

The visitor hesitated.

"If I did," he said at length, "would you give me your whole layout? People say you're pretty clever—you must have some good ideas. And you've got the crowd with you more than I ever did—more than I ever saw in my life. Would you give me a little suggestion once in a while? I can run a ball team, but I can't run a crowd, too."

McHenry laughed silently.

"If you'll pay ten thousand," he said, "we'll hand you the whole scheme."

"It's a bargain! Where's a piece of paper?"

Half an hour later, the four relaxed and lighted fresh cigars and settled for the discussion.

"Now, then," began the long-jawed man. "Will you please tell me how on earth you got Greystone to back you up? I couldn't—and you did it in a month."

"Simplest thing in the world," McHenry told him. "You had a poor team and there wasn't any local pride in it. And besides, a small city's

not like a big one—people know each other too well. You've got to appeal to a different class of people from the metropolitan crowds. We figured it all out, and then we fired every man we had and started a purely local team, with every man right from this town. When the crowd got to a game, they knew personally every man on the field and and."

"But the team I saw last week wasn't a native team. Those were all old big league players!"

"That comes later. We started out, I said, with a bunch right from Greystone. The pitcher was the best-looking man we could find; hero with the girls; sporty dresser; all that stuff. He had 'em right from the start. The catcher was the son of the president of the First National. The infield was a gem—we had the best scraper among the mill hands, so they were interested; and a school teacher, and a boy right off a farm, and a lad from the high-school team. In the outfield, we had the son of a political boss and a couple of other fellows who were well known. Went big! It wasn't a pick-up gang—they all belonged here. Then you got the civic pride going! What if they did lose a game or two? They weren't experienced professionals—the crowd thought they were doing mighty well if they scored at all."

"But you couldn't carry that bunch through a whole schedule!"

"No," said McHenry, "and we didn't try to. After a while, we rang in a good man, and then another. When we had three or four, we won a game or two—but the local boys were always playing around the field and practicing, and Greyst-

one liked to see 'em. And by and by we had a real team."

"The point was," interposed Dillingham, "that in a town of this size, you make the biggest kind of hit by boasting home talent. That's exactly what we did."

"So, right up to the end of the race," added Ward, "Greystone was crazy about the team because it wasn't a lot of outsiders from all over the country; but real Greystone products. Those boys'll be heroes all winter, and it's done a lot for them, and for the city."

"In other words," said McHenry, "we let 'em have the satisfaction of seeing their own friends. boys they'd known all their lives, finish second in a league of rank professionals. Don't you think that was creditable?"

The long-jawed man looked from one to the other, and shook his head sorrowfully.

"I can't make out what you're talking about," he said at length. "As near as I can gather, there hasn't been a native Greystone boy play on your team for two months. You weeded 'em out, graduated, one by one, till all they did was bat fungoes and sit on the bench, and still you say—can't you tell me in plain English?"

"Why, perhaps I can," conceded McHenry. " Didn't you ever hear the story of the man who had a jackknife? After a while, the handle wore out, so he put on a new handle; and then the blade wore out, so he put on a new blade—and still he thought it was the same old knife!"

"Well, why wasn't it?" inquired the long-jawed man blankly.

The Weekly Health Talk

By DR. G. A. JORDAN,
Assistant City Health Commissioner.

THE soles of children's shoes should have straight inside lines and should be everywhere as wide and long as the foot while standing. Both soles and heels should be flexible enough to permit the foot to bend easily for walking. The heel should be low and broad. A shoe should never be laced or buttoned so tight that marks show on the ankles.

From the first a child should be taught to walk with the toes straight ahead, toeing neither out nor in. Turning the toes out in walking throws the weight on the inner side of the foot and tends to produce the condition known as "flat foot."

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first step in the cure must be to have the right sort of shoes properly fitted. In addition to the right kind of shoes the foot must have strengthening exercises—walking, dancing, standing on tiptoe and the like.

The names "flat foot" and "weak foot" for "pronated" foot, and "broken arches" are given to conditions in which the foot is rolled outward and the ankle is bent inward. The foot is not really flattened nor have the arches actually broken down, but the muscles of the leg have been so strained that they are no longer able to hold the foot in an upright position.

Flat foot is quite common in children. Those who are afflicted turn the toe out and walk with a stiff gait.

The shoe will have the upper bony arches, given to conditions in which the front inner corner of the heel and the inner portion of the sole will be worn off. Such children tire easily and complain of pain in their feet, legs and back, and often object to walking any distance.

Since the shoe is usually at fault in these troubles, the first



By James J. Montague.



TOO MANY.

In far Japan, where 'neath the trees
The sentimental peasants drowsie and daze
Make pretty songs in Japanese.
The poets number sixty thousand;
The market place is filled with bards.
On corners you are pestered with 'em.
In Tokio the very guards
Will tell you to "Move on!" in rhythm.

Nobody can explain the cause;
It must be something in the climate.
But almost every one will pause,
Before he makes a song to rhyme it.
"Banzais" are fashioned into verse.
A bare "Good morning" seldom spoke is,
Unrhymed, and almost every curse
Is put in anapests and trochees.

The bugger clutches at the yen
That you contemptuously throw 'im,
And snatches out a fountain pen
And writes a long and graceful poem.
The water girl, when told your tea
Would be more to your taste if sweater,
Lays down a pad upon her knee
And notes your preference—in meter.

If you, by any circumstance,
Our census figures should examine,
You see that there is no more
Than we may have a poet famine.
But though our case is pretty bad,
It serves our cup of woe to sweeten,
And makes our life a little glad,
To know the Japs have got us beaten.



NOT YET SETTLED.

It now remains for Congress to interpret the meaning of the election.

(Copyright, 1926.)

A Hot One.

"A flirt am I!" exclaimed Mary Ann, under notice to go. "Well, I know them as flirts more than I do, and with less hexxuse." She shot a spiteful look at her mistress and added, "The better looking than you. More 'andsome." "Ow do I know?" Your husband told me so."

"The will do," said her mistress, frigidly. "But I ain't finished yet!" retorted Mary Ann. "I can give a better kiss than you! Want to know 'oo told me that, mum?"

"If you mean to suggest that my husband!"

"No, it wasn't your 'usband this time," said Mary Ann. "It was your chauffeur."—Dallas News.

A Safe System.

First Bill Collector: Jones is the hardest man in the world to collect any money from.

Second Bill Collector: Why shouldn't he be? He's got the safest system in the world. Puts the bills in his card index and they become lost to the world.—Houston Post.

Don't Seem to Mind.

"Did you hear about that railroad man who resigned because people were no longer friendly?"

"Yes. Traffic policemen seem to be made of sterner stuff."

"Why so?"

"You would think they'd resign for the same reason, but they never do."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

The Ultra Conservative—By Knott



YES, I KNOW ALL
ABOUT THESE "FRIENDLY
LIL' GAMES — I LOST
TWELVE DOLLARS IN
ONE ONCE AN' SO
I MADE UP MY MIND
LONG AGO THAT
I'D NEVER GAMBLE
THERE'S NOTHING
IN IT.

WHADDYA Y'MEAN
"GAMBLE"
Y'DON'T EXPECT
IT TO BE AN
INVESTMENT,
DO YA?
YOU WOULDN'T BE
TAKIN' ANY BIGGER
CHANCE WITH US
THAN WE'D BE
TAKIN' WITH
YOU

HEY EDDIE,
WE WILL
GUARANTEE
CUTHBERT
THAT HE'LL
WIN,
WON'T WE?
CERTAINLY WE WONT



Amounted to the Same Thing.

"I am trying to find my brother," said the Englishman timidly to the fierce-looking person with a sheath knife on one side of his belt and a six-shooter on the other. "He was in this neighborhood about four years ago. His name was Dobbington." "Dobbington—kind of goody, goody chap?" "Yes, that's the man." "Guess I know him. He committed suicide three years ago." "What? my brother committed sui-

cide? Was he ill or in trouble, or what?"

"He called me a bar, stranger."—Houston Post.

Wouldn't Stay "Put."

"Yeah, we finally decided to send St. Flinnett to Congress, we did." "St. Flinnett? You sent him to Congress?"

"Yeah; we had to. Dangun it, every time we sent him any place else he either bruk out or go a habeas corpus."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

EVIDENTLY THESE GUYS HAVE FALLEN INTO SOMETHING PRETTY NIFTY—By BUD FISHER

(Copyright, 1926)



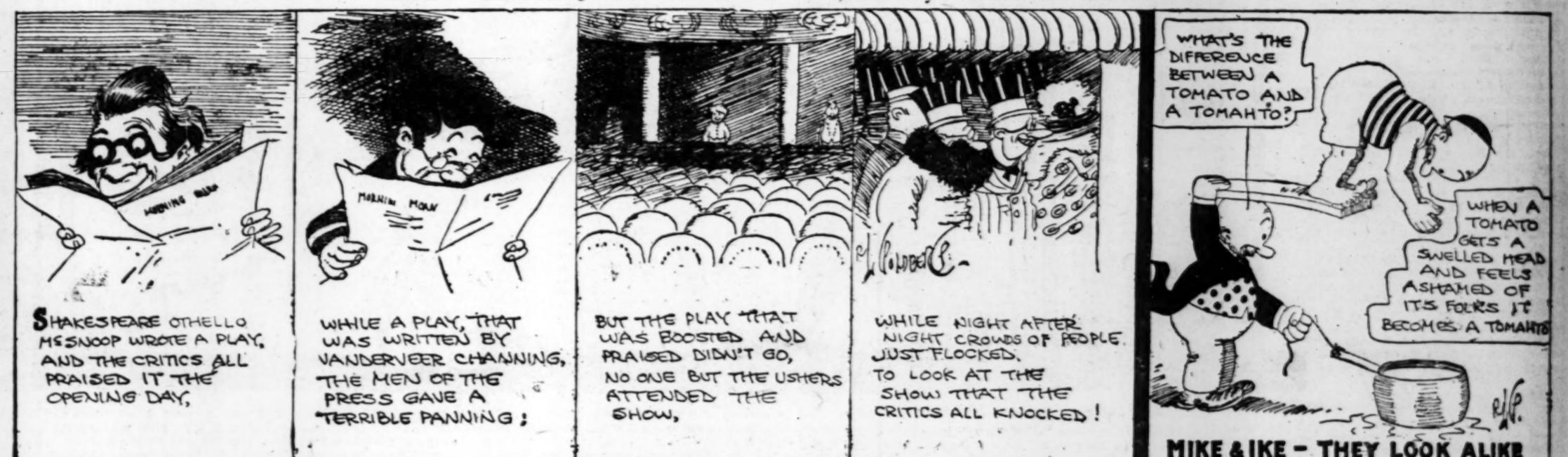
IT TAKES A BEAN-SHOOTER TO MAKE PILLS POPULAR—By C. M. PAYNE

(Copyright, 1926)



LIFE'S LITTLE JOKES—NUMBER 394,780—By RUBE GOLDBERG

(Copyright, 1926)



Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out



Information.

"I should like to go to New York," said the weary and subdued traveler. "Are you asking for information," said the young woman at the desk, "or are you merely telling your troubles?"—Washington Star.

An Inspiration.

Patron (to bathing-house proprietor): Look here, my man, somebody has stolen my trousers!

"Hold on a bit! Are you sure you had them on when you came here?"—Le Rire (Paris).

That's the Question.

Anti-Tobacco Orator: You go into a shop and buy a cigar, and as you wake you get wine, whisky, brandy. Voice: Quick! Where do you buy your cigars?—Karikaturen (Christiansburg).

The Powerful Katrinka—By Fontaine Fox

"SHE'S JUST GONNA
TOSS ME UP ON THE ROOF, MA,
SO'S I KIN GIT IN THE
BATH ROOM WINDOW WITHOUT
TRACKIN' UP THE
HOUSE!"



Various lines
murder of Ed
the Murder
terday Fair
Any Certa
Employers
Aiding in S

CLEW FU
BY
Lads Were
Scene Eve
When Tal
Shaking
Muttering.

Various lines
murder of Ed
the Murder
terday Fair
Any Certa
Employers
Aiding in S

The principal
by the police
who has been d
living in the ne
been seen walking
the vicinity of
8:15 p.m. The
few minutes a
left the Cass ca
ridden behind
friend, at Gleng
Market street, ho
first her hands
with a razor.

The boys de

being heavily d
six feet tall.
coat and a dark

The boys sa
passed the blo
block south
shaking his h
looking behin
were frightened
pile of timbe
playing, and th
who was 7 year

Razor Bla

The boys sa
tried to find
success, to find
with which he
mitted. The
girl's body who
Friday morning
been broken ou

On inform
ident, who told
the negro w
frightened a
arrested a suspe
to last night
eccentric and c
able to account
on the night o
that he was at
er and sister,
owned a razor,
of heard. An
had held him
boys who told
leaving the scen
asked to look a

Policemen a
gros who have
sentences, for
and who have
Louis.

The funeral
held yesterday
Gertner's char
Fleasant ave
girls who work
counting comp
phone Co., in
building, atten
provided by a
scripion amon
ployees, and a su
given to the
Marie Ellis. J
Bell company
police in the sc
er, and the co
\$2000 reward f
victim of the g

Verdict

A Coroner's
yesterday re
side, and bring
to her death a
son unknown to

Mrs. Ellis, w
main, whom sh
at one time ga
ring, but later
ordered him to
said, after he s
bill, and at that

"I'll get you
you," Mrs. Ell
target this, but
the young man
would marry h
her. Opposition

Ellis to

Continued on